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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. X[illegible] ATLANTA, GA., TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 14 1884. TWELVE PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

OHIO TO-DAY.

The Lines Formed For the First Battle of the Campaign.

Everything Expectancy and Both Sides Confident.

Both Parties Claiming From Eight to Ten Thousand Majority.

WHERE BOTH SIDES BASE THEIR STRENGTH

Will the Republicans Bring Up Their Old Majority of 1880

WHEN OHIO WENT REPUBLICAN BY 25,500.

A Resume of the Situation in the Whole State.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, October 13, midnight.—[Special to The Constitution.]—The city is quieting down, after a day of tremendous excitement and energy. The democrats have all the enthusiasm, and the depression of the republicans is notable, and in some respects unaccountable. It is an open secret that they have large amounts of money for use to-morrow, and that it is in savvy hands that will spend it lavishly. A tremendous vote will be cast, and as the heavy immigration of the past four years has been into democratic sections, it may be this per vote that emphasises republican anxiety. A leading republican said to-night: "We are not sure of our candidate. He is showy. But uncertain; and only to-morrow's balloting can inform us as to what the effect has been of the continued assaults on his private and public record."

Chairman Barbar, of the democratic committee, reiterates in the most positive manner his confidence that the state will go democratic, in a dispatch just received in high quarters, where a confidential doubt might have been safely expressed. Advices to the Enquirer to-night are buoyant and show that the organization of both parties is perfect. It is hard to estimate the true force of the democratic reaction of the past two weeks, but it is held on the canvass of changes made in every neighborhood. I predict that it will cut down the republican majority to 10,000 or below, which will be a democratic triumph. There is little betting on the result, the republicans, as a rule, declining to take wagers. Trouble is looked for at the polls to-morrow. A telegram from Carl Schurz, just received, states that the Germans will vote more solidly for the democrats than he had dared hope. For the best indication of the drift of to-morrow's fight, ask how the Germans are voting.

C.

A REVIEW OF THE FIELD.

The Votes of Ohio for the Years 1880 and 1883—To-day's Contingencies.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—[Special to The Constitution.]—"How is the betting on the election in Ohio?"

Well, nobody is betting on the election. Once in a while some one bluffs, but betting is quite another thing. Money is scarce, and men who have money do not care to risk it on the contingencies of an Ohio election. The most ardent partisans hesitate to assert an opinion on the result, and those of the coolest judgment are loath to express an opinion.

"But what are some of these contingencies?"

Well, for one of them, "fair weather," which means a full vote, is an important factor in an Ohio election. If the weather should be fair on the 14th day of October the world will hear of one of the biggest votes in Ohio ever polled in the history of the state. It should poll 500,000 votes this fall.

Another contingency is, "how the young men will cast their maiden votes." About 25,-000 first-in-his-life votes will be cast by as many young men at this fall election.

"How will the young men vote?"

That is the question. Everywhere in the state the republicans have made the greatest noise during the canvass, and as to whatever there may be in the coal oil and martial music that go toward influencing young men in their first choice, the republicans have had the advantage.

But "how will the Germans vote?" That was a perplexing question last year, and to this day no man can tell how much wool in central Ohio, how much wine along the lake shore, and how much beer in the cities had to do with the election of Hoadly. The governor himself attributed his election to wool and wine. He had been an attorney for the liquor dealers and no doubt he got a pretty large vote from them. This may account for his 12,500 plurality, while the vote for some others on his ticket, the lieutenant governor notably, got majorities of only about 6,500. Then the liquor question was up last year in the shape of a vote for a prohibition amendment to the constitution. With all that there was doubt in the minds of leading politicians whether the liquor question entered into the election of the successful candidate as an appreciable factor. Then there were to be elected several judges of the supreme court last year and this is supposed to have naturally enlisted the liquor dealers in favor of the democratic candidates for these offices. Besides all these circumstances surrounding the campaign, last year there was the additional fact of large contributions by the brewers and saloon keepers which, by the way, they did not give to the democratic executive committees, but expended through committees of their own. Last year the liquor interest was united and noisy. This year there is discord in the ranks. The Beach law committee quarrelled on the 20th of September and quarrelled again on the 8th of October. On the 8th of October a little speck of war broke out among the brewers of Cincinnati. In both cases it was a disagreement as to whether they should recommend their brethren to vote for one only or for two of the democratic candidates for state offices. But again, there must be taken into the calculation the fact that the saloon interest are bringing missionaries from Iowa and Kansas to go in colporteur style from house to house and tell how prohibition works. In addition to these they will have employed public speakers from prohibition states to speak in the large cities. While they are using the mails to send out circulars they are by no means using them to the extent that they did last year for this purpose. Consider in this connection the facts that in Hamilton county last year the vote for Hoadly showed a loss of 7,500 and a loss of 7,000 in Cuyahoga county, in comparison with the vote for secretary of state two years ago. The problem is an intricate one, and only the election on next Tuesday can fully solve it, though republicans are flattering themselves that the German defection has spent its force and will scarcely be felt this year.

But wool and wine, what of them as factors in the coming election? Last year they were supposed to vote strongly democratic in resentment against the action of the republican congress in letting down the tariff adversely to their interests. But this year the republicans are filling those regions of the state as they are the mining regions with speakers who talk up the tariff; what the effect will be the test of next Tuesday's vote alone can tell. If a change in the opposite direction should be made the republicans will attribute to the tariff speeches and the tariff men among the democracy will lay it to Morrison's bill. The wine district of Ohio lies principally along Lake Erie. The wool district is compressed in a great circle or eclipse which takes out about equal areas from eastern Ohio, southwestern Pennsylvania and northwestern West Virginia, in which are grown the grades of wool which are denominated in the daily market quotations of wool. "Ohio, West Virginia and Pennsylvania extras."

As to the prohibition party vote that may be set aside as unimportant at the Ohio election this year. It has not been worked up—the prohibition party has not. Its largest votes have always been cast when a governor was to be elected.

The "Irish element" is a novelty. It remains to be tried; that the defection of the Irish from Cleveland in Ohio will be too much to be funny is scarcely to be doubted; that this defection will be felt somewhat in the state elections is also conceded. The uncertain quantity is, "will it be felt enough to help and to hurt?"

The democrats are looking for strong backing from the liquor vote and a big help from the thousand upon thousands of workingmen who are thrown out of employment.

The congressmen in Ohio this year will be elected from bran new districts, whose qualities have never been tested by a congressional election. The votes of these districts for president in 1880 and for governor in 1883 may form some sort of a guide in forming an estimate of the probable result.

Below is the official vote of Ohio at the October elections in 1880 and 1883, giving the vote cast, respectively, for president in 1880 and for governor in 1883, by congressional districts as they are constituted by the act of February 14, 1884:

DISTRICTS.	1880. Total vote.	MAJORITIES R.	D.	1883. Total vote.	MAJORITIES R.	D.
First	61,576	2,092		59,284		1,004
Second	63,220	2,256		61,127		1,627
Third	51,556		351	50,140		1,677
Fourth	57,803		403	55,527		2,779
Fifth	59,009		4,023	55,984		5,190
Sixth	55,452		2,550	52,902		3,100
Seventh	54,450		2,986	53,121		4,001
Eighth	55,990	714		55,050	6,490	
Ninth	53,457	1,066		53,603	709	
Tenth	59,232	3,102		53,456		5,746
Eleventh	59,020		1,350	55,677		1,341
Twelfth	56,475	1,005		55,587	1,077	
Thirteenth	57,643		4,273	53,780		4,316
Fourteenth	58,630	2,457		57,917	3,325	
Fifteenth	55,064		2,616	53,853		3,750
Sixteenth	54,457	893		53,814		1,208
Seventeenth	59,626		1,550	54,938		4,462
Eighteenth	56,068	422		54,439	4,473	
Nineteenth	38,583	14,969		36,371	11,481	
Twentieth	57,892	4,222		40,018	270	
Twenty-first	53,152	4,889		53,338		1,986
		46,860	21,388		27,775	43,672
MAJORITIES		25,480				15,897

The figures above show the following features:

1. An increased vote in 1883 over the vote of 1880 in the 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 20th and 21st districts.

2. A decrease of the vote cast in '83 in comparison with that cast in '80 in the 1st, 2d, 3d, 11th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 18th and 19th.

3. The great change in the vote of the 10th district within it comprises the greatest wine growing counties of Ohio.

4. That the 1st, 2d, 16th and 21st districts changed from republican to democratic in their votes from '80 to '83.

5. That the districts reasonably sure to absolutely certain to elect republican congressmen are the 4th, 9th, 12th, 14th, 18th, 19 and 20th. Seven in all.

6. That the surely democratic districts are the 6th, 7th, 8th, 10th, 11th and 15th. Seven in all.

7. That the remaining seven districts, the 1st, 2d, 3d, 11th, 16th, 17th and 21st may be considered close and uncertain, because of the habit the vote has in these districts of fluctuating, though it looks as if the greater part of these are likely to go democratic.

The following is the list of nominees for congress from the several districts. Members of the present congress are marked thus†.

1st district, John F. Follett, d	1st district, Benjamin Butterworth, r
2d district, Adam A. Kramer, d	2d district, Gen. Charles Brown, r
3d district, James E. Campbell, d	3d district, Henry L. Morey, r
4th district, Charles M. Anderson, d	4th district, John F. Sinks, r
5th district, Benjamin Lafferty, d	5th district, M. W. Davies, r
6th district, William D. Hill, d	6th district, Hiram C. Glenn, r
7th district, George E. Seney, d	7th district, Daniel Babst, r
8th district, Gen. James W. Denver, d	8th district, John Little, r
9th district, E. F. Popplet on, d	9th district, William C. Cooper, r
10th district, Frank H. Hurd, d	10th district, Jacob Romperis, r
11th district, W. W. Ellsberry, d	11th district, Alphonso Hart, r
12th district, Leo Eberhard, d	12th district, A. C. Thompson, r
13th district, James H Outhwaite, d	13th district, Allen Miller, r
14th district, John L. Vance, d	14th district, Charles H. Grosvenor, r
15th district, Beriah Wilkins, d	15th district, Elijah Little, r
16th district, George W. Geddes, d	16th district, Henry C. Hedges, r
17th district, A. J. Warner, d	17th district, Joseph D. Taylor, r
18th district, J. H. Walker, d	18th district, Isaac H. Taylor, r
19th district, Horace Ahrend, d	19th district, Ezra B. Taylor, r
20th district, David R. Paige, d	20th district, William McKinley, r
21st district, Martin A. Foran, d	21st district, Charles C. Burnett, r

Several ex-members of congress are in the race, namely: The democratic candidates in the ninth, eleventh, fourteenth, and the republican candidates in the first and third. Several members of the present congress are running in districts of a different number from the one which elected them. In the seventeenth district we have the example of both candidates being members of the present congress.

THE CLOSING SCENES.

Estimates Made by the Opposing Committees—Both Sides Claiming the State.

WASHINGTON, October 13.—A Columbus, O., special to the Evening Star says:

The last day of the campaign develops some changes, though each party still claims to have organized victory. The executive committees gave out to-day some data as to the estimated majorities, and while claiming as a rule that figures don't lie, are willing to admit they are sometimes misplaced. The democratic committee foots up a majority of 9,221. The republican committee are not quite so exact, but adhere to the general claim of 8,000 to 10,000. This committee have deemed it unwise to make public the real estimate, but the fact is their actual figures make a total of 18,000 majority, and all over 10,000 they expect to furnish in the way of what they call "the Maine surprise" over again. They have endeavored to keep this very quiet, but it is the estimate they have sent to Blaine, and which they will stand by, and which they claim will be verified before the sun sets to-morrow.

REPUBLICAN CONFIDENCE INCREASING.

These figures were all made on Saturday, but since then the committee has received information, which gives them greater confidence in their estimate. One of the reasons for this is the revision of the wool growers' vote, which give the republicans the benefit of a more decided change than had been anticipated. In a letter received from a prominent wool grower he says: "We punished the republicans for reducing the duty on wool. Now we are going to punish the democrats for not restoring it." Another reason for their restored confidence is the advices from the western reserve that a full republican vote is going to be polled, while the advices received are encouraging in some quarters as to the German vote. These facts have certainly given the republicans much more confidence than they had Saturday. They declare that nothing but money and fraud can defeat them.

A telegram from the national democratic committee that a fund of $150,000 has been sent from New York since Saturday for distribution in Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati to aid the republicans, is pronounced a falsehood by Chairman Ogilvie. The democratic chairman, however, has advised the democratic managers in those cities to look out for such corruption fund.

EX-GOVERNOR HENDRICK'S LAST SPEECH

Ex-Governor Hendricks left this morning for Parkersburg, W. Va., where he makes his last speech in the October campaign. In conversation he said that he was confident that the democrats would carry Ohio. Of Indiana he had no doubt whatever, and the result in November, he predicted, would be the election of the democratic ticket. He was not, however, as confident of Ohio as of Indiana. Even if Ohio did go republican now, as Indiana did in 1876, he added that New York would go for Cleveland in November just as it did for Tilden in 1876. He was not enthusiastic, but quiet and earnest in the predictions. He says this is the greatest, hardest campaign he ever was in, but that it has improved his health very much. His speech in Parkersburg is to be a joint one with General Woodward, of New York.

PROVIDING AGAINST FRAUDULENT BALLOTS.

This afternoon there was a meeting of citizens designated by the republican state committee, with a committee appointed by the Cleveland and Hendricks club, to co-operate in detecting fraud at the polls to-morrow. The republican committee appeal to the business men of the entire state to close the places of business to-morrow and devote the day to organization in the interest of purity of the ballot box. There never was such a cry of fraud in the history of politics in this state, and whichever party is defeated is going to run to cover under it. Tissue ballots, combination tickets, fraudulent votes and voters are all named in frightful array. One of the charges brought into the republican committee to-day was that twenty six democratic newspaper men nowhere were to be voted. When the latter heard of it they were much amused. The interest in the close of the campaign is shown in the fact that some of the churches are thrown open to political meetings. Both committees now agree that the vote will be almost as full as the presidential election. The democratic committee estimate a vote of 295,000 while the republicans place it in round numbers at 300,000. Complete arrangements have been made to receive full returns. Two large halls have been fitted up with telegraphic instruments, and every return will be received and compared with the vote of two years ago, and then immediately announced to the country.

BLAINE IN OHIO.

The Tattooed Man Goes to Church and Visits Relatives.

LANCASTER, Ohio, October 13.—Mr. Blaine spent a quiet Sunday as the guest of his cousin, Hon. P. B. Ewing. In the forenoon he attended the Presbyterian church, and the afternoon he devoted to visiting, in company with Judge Ewing, his relatives and old friends, of whom he has a large number in this vicinity.

Blaine reached Toledo about 5 o'clock this evening. He will spend the night and go to Detroit to-morrow.

BLAINE AND HENDRICKS PASS BY.

Mr. Blaine left Lancaster at a little after 9 o'clock for Toledo via Columbus. Just as he started the train going down on the Hocking Valley road, carrying Mr. Hendricks, democratic candidate for vice president, arrived at Lancaster. The crowd cheered Mr. Hendricks when he appeared on the rear platform of the train, and he returned thanks in a very brief speech, in the course of which he said:

"If Ohio, to-morrow, shall support the democratic cause, the fight is over, but if Ohio, to-morrow, shall not do that, then in Indiana and Ohio the fight is unto the death."

At Columbus ex-Governor Foster and Chairman Ogilvie, of the republican state committee, and Commissioner Dudley boarded Mr. Blaine's car. There was a stop here of over an hour, but the car was left on the outskirts of the city and did not go into the depot at all.

A REPUBLICAN GASP.

Claiming that the Democrats are Colonizing Voters in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—Detective Rathburn, of the U. S. secret service, to-night arrested twelve men on the charge of conspiracy to use fraud at the election. The men are all white. They say that they come here under the direction of the chief of police of Lexington, Ky., to "spot" colored repeaters from that place. Their railroad tickets were provided by the mayor of Lexington and were good to return until Wednesday morning. Their board bill was also paid up to that time. More arrests are expected to-night, and United States Commissioner Harper will probably remain up all night to hear the cases.

Precautions Throughout the State.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, October 13.—A citizens meeting was held here to-day, consisting of a joint committee headed by Cleveland and Hendricks clubs, and by the republican executive committee to take some action to prevent illegal voting to-morrow. A long conference was held, and at its conclusion it was decided to appoint four citizens, two of each party, for each precinct of the city. It is learned that similar meetings were held in other cities and committees appointed, who will be at the polls all day. They will be designated by badges, and will have authority to scrutinize everything about the ballot boxes and the manner in which the election is conducted. The sheriff of this county appointed between thirty and forty deputies this afternoon to be present at the polls, and the mayor to-night, believing that the sheriff had interferred with his authority, called a meeting of the police board and secured permission to appoint one hundred extra police.

HOW THE VOTE WILL BE CAST.

An Estimate of the Probable Result in Ohio.

TROY, N. Y., October 13.—In answer to over 100 messages sent this afternoon by the managing editor of the Troy Telegram, to leading editors and politicians in Ohio and West Virginia, the Telegram has received over seventy replies. They cover all parts of both states. Careful summary of these opinions, given at a late hour this evening, shows that each party in Ohio, while claiming the state, concedes that the vote will be close. The claims of majorities on both sides are much reduced from those heretofore made. The most confident republicans feel certain of a plurality of 8,000 to 12,000, while the democrats look for 5,000 to 8,000. The contest appears to hinge entirely on the tariff and the vote of the Germans and the Hocking Valley miners. Dispatches from four sources in Cincinnati indicate that Hamilton county will go democratic by 1,000 majority. Bets there are even on 10,000 republican majority in the state, but there is little money up. The editor of the State Journal at Columbus telegraps: "Indications are that the State will go from 5,000 to 8,000 republican, the same as in 1876, before the phenomenal turn in the Garfield campaign. It is nobody's day till the vote is counted." The republican state committee claim 10,000 to 15,000 majority, and the democrats 8,000 to 10,000. John T. Mack, of Sandusky, says: "The combined German vote and liquor interest are against the republicans."

From West Virginia the dispatches are very guarded. The republicans at Huntington say then will be from 1,000 to 5,000 majority for Maxwell, fusion candidate for governor at Parkersburg. The republicans hope to get the first and fourth districts. The second will be very close, and the third is surely democratic. "The editor of the Wheeling Intelligencer says: "The best non-partisan judgment is that Maxwell will have from 800 to 1,500 majority." The democrats at Wheeling are confident of carrying three congressional districts, with a good outlook in the fourth. They laugh at the republican claims for Maxwell, while they concede that the majority either way will be small.

A Fair Day for the Fight.

The weather indications for the Tennessee and Ohio Valley are clear weather, fresh, brisk north to east winds; decided fall in temperature; northeastern portion slight fall; remaining part of district decidedly cooler; clear weather, indicated for Ohio and West Virginia.

BETTING ON OHIO.

Numerous Wagers Made in Atlanta on the Result of To-Day's Election.

"My son, you must never bet. But if you do, my advice is—to copper the jack." Such was the advice of a legendary sage to his boy as he started out to make his way through this wicked world. Betting is one of the most prevalent of American vices. A few weeks ago the baseball fever furnished numerous opportunities for wagers, and they were liberally used. Now the men who will bet are putting their money on political results. Yesterday there were various wagers made on the result of to-day's election in Ohio. A drummer, hot from the scene of the conflict, offered to plank down $150 that the state would go democratic. He was quickly taken up by an Atlanta man who, though a democrat, bet on his judgment and backed the republicans. Several bets were made yesterday afternoon and last night with odds of two to one in favor of the republicans. One bet of $100 even was made that the republicans would not carry the state by 8,000, and another of $100 to $50, by the same parties, that they would not carry it by 10,000. Several bets of $10 and $20 were made even on the result. One bet of $50 was made that the state would not go 10,000 either way. Two gentlemen who were discussing the outlook agreed to make a wager, but were so well satisfied that the chances are about even that they staked a nickel for choice of sides. The winner of the choice took the democrats to the tune of $50, remarking that it was an even thing and he had rather bet on "our boys." In all there is quite a pile of money in Atlanta safes awaiting delivery into the hands of various parties after the Ohio result is known. Incidental to the betting on Ohio, wagers were made on several other states, most of them being on New York. In nearly every one of these those who bet on Cleveland were required either to give odds in amount or in majority.

Cleveland's Visit to New York.

ALBANY, N. Y., October 13.—Governor Cleveland was busy to-day clearing up the work preparatory to his trip to New York and Brooklyn Wednesday. He will probably only be accompanied by his private secretary, Colonel Lamont, and will leave on the regular train, which arrives in New York at 10:30 a. m. His headquarters will be at the Fifth-avenue hotel, where he will remain during Wednesday p.m. and evening.

It is said that Henry Ward Beecher has consented to deliver a Cleveland and Hendricks speech in the Brooklyn academy of music. The date is not yet announced.

Bill Chandler in New Hampshire.

CONCORD, N. H., October 13.—Secretary Chandler arrived in town this evening from New York. He will remain in this state nearly all the time until after the election. He will make a political speech Thursday night

A Reception to McSweeney.

NEW YORK, October 13.—A number of Irish-American citizens met at the New York hotel to-night and appointed Friday evening and the academy of music as the time and place for a public reception to Daniel McSweeney, the Irish suspect, who arrived in New York yesterday.

Gold From Europe.

NEW YORK, October 13.—The steamship Elder brought half a million in gold, consigned to the Bank of British North America.

Expelled From the Turf.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, October 13.—The Cleveland driving park association has expelled the black mare Minnie Moulton, which trotted at its autumn meeting under the name of Baby Mine, also John Goodwin, of Lawrence, Mass.

The Prime Meridian Conference.

WASHINGTON, October 13.—The International prime meridian conference to-day adopted the meridian of Greenwich. The representatives of France and Brazil did not vote, and the representative of San Domingo voted against it.

Diphtheria in Brooklyn.

LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y., October 13.—The health officer of this city, closed the fifth ward public school this morning, because of the prevalence of diphtheria, which is now epidemic. The disease prevails in one-third of the families in the ward.

Yellow Fever on Ship Island.

WASHINGTON, October 13.—The marine hospital bureau is informed that the bark William Fisher, from Aspinwall, is in quarantine at Ship island and that one of her crew is sick in the hospital there with yellow fever.

TO-DAY'S BATTLE.

—Mr. Blaine is prepared to call 10,000 a great victory this year in Ohio. A 10,000 victory will not count much.

—Ohio says she is content to be an October state as long as all the preliminary campaign "boodle" falls to her share.

—Samuel J. Randall, who has made a thorough canvass of West Virginia, says the democratic majority there will be 15,000.

—Since harvest Ohio has thrashed over forty-one million bushels of wheat. The biggest thrashing, however, will be done to-day.

—If the democrats fail to carry Ohio they will at least have the consolation of knowing that they scared the Blaine leaders out of their boots.

—The chairman of the Iowa democratic state committee wires to democratic headquarters that if "Ohio goes democratic Iowa will go the same way."

—Free passes are got for republicans at Chicago who want to go home to Ohio to vote, but the democrats cannot get them. The railroads vote the republican ticket.

—Mr. Edgar Johnson, Governor Hoadly's law partner, is one of the democrats who has substantial belief in a democratic victory, as he has made heavy wagers to that effect.

—Greeley and Douglass worked in their respective campaigns longer and harder than Mr. Blaine has labored. Their fate may console him in the defeat towards which he is moving.

—Maud S. will make another effort to-day to beat her own record. The republican party will try and do the same thing in Ohio. As between the two it will be safer to bet on the mare.

—There is only one really sublime feature of the Ohio campaign, and that is the holy zeal of good Mr. Dudley in his noble determination to protect the purity of the ballot box. The marine artillery will not fail to vote him a medal.

HE CAN'T SEE IT

St. John Presents His Compliments to the Republicans.

Every Tub to Stand on its Own Bottom.

St. John Refuses to Withdraw in Favor of Blaine.

THE APPEAL OF A REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE

Nipped in the Bud Before it Was Allowed to Bloom.

A NICE LITTLE SCHEME ANNIHILATED.

The Full Letter of the Prohibition Presidential Nominee.

NEW YORK, October 13.—[Special to The Constitution.]—Last Saturday's New York Tribune contained an earnest appeal from a committee of prominent republicans urging Governor St. John to withdraw from his candidacy for president, as it was seriously injuring Mr. Blaine's prospects.

It gave fourteen reasons, which the Tribune considered "convincing," why St. John should retire and allow the prohibition vote to revert to Blaine, whose hopes were being seriously impaired by St. John's persistent endeavors to draw off that vote from its usual channel.

It considered the present movement "confusing;" it thought that prohibition should be submitted to the people and not made a political issue; it considered the prohibition platform a crude and unsatisfactory platform not embodying the ideas of the great majority of prohibitionists; it declared that all votes for the prohibition nominee would be so many thrown away from Mr. Blaine, and predicted that should Mr. St. John not withdraw the only result would be the succession of the democratic party to the control of the government; it gave the most dismal forebodings of what democratic success meant, and throughout the whole appeal were emphatic evidences of republican fear for the result in November.

In defending Mr. Blaine's dodge of the prohibition vote in Maine it said:

Some prohibitionists have censured Mr. Blaine for not voting on the amendment to the constitution in Maine. But a little reflection will satisfy every fair minded person, that it would have been an assumption of party authority, immediately after the national convention had declared to make the question an issue.

For Mr. Blaine to have voted against the amendment would have been unjust to the prohibitionists, and to have voted for it, unjust to those who are opposed—both having joined in adopting the platform and nominating him to stand upon it.

Over this appeal the republicans held high carnival, expecting from it a powerful influence with the prohibition vote.

The reply of Governor St. John has created much comment here and is received by disgust by the republicans. They consider it a severe heavy blow to their November chances. There is no question but that it will have a serious effect on Mr. Blaine's vote and that it will rally to the prohibition standard the full vote of the party.

GOVERNOR ST. JOHN'S LETTER.

The following is the letter in full:

By Associated Press.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., October 11, 1884.—Professor Theodore D. Woolsey, New Haven, Conn.; Hon. Thomas Talbot, North Bellerica, Mass.; Hon. Noah Davis, New York City; Grant Goodrich, John V. Farwell, Rev. R. M. Hatfield, Chicago, Ill.; Creighton Lunt, Wm. Deering, Evanston, Ill.; John Evans, Denver, Col.; Ira Buckman and John L. Mitchell, Brooklyn, N. Y.:

Gentlemen—In the New York Tribune of this date I find your names appended to a request that I withdraw from the canvass as the prohibition nominee for the presidency, together with an elaborate statement of reasons why, in your judgment, I should take this course. Permit me to reply that I have given your statement and request such careful and candid consideration as coming from men of your high character they merit; and that I can neither agree with one nor comply with the other. In justice to myself and courtesy to you, I must refer specifically to some of the leading reasons which you urge. Bear with me while to do this in the briefest possible way:

I. You desire prohibition submitted to the people separate from other issues and distinct from party politics. I desired the republican party, at its national convention, to favor such a submission, the same desire was expressed through petitions by hundreds of thousands of others, and our very modest wish was there denied. Believing prohibition a national need to blot out a national curse, we could not ask, and the republican party could not with fairness grant any less. Refusing that slightest possible recognition

THE PARTY COULD NOT LONGER

have the least possible claim upon my vote, because—

2. The policy of the national prohibition party has already been clearly defined and approved by the "great body of friends of the cause in the United States," which may be summed up in one phrase: National sovereignty over the liquor traffic to suppress it instead of to legalize, protect and perpetuate it.

3. Out of the widespread approval which this policy had attained and because of it came the Pittsburg convention with its more than 600 delegates, representing thirty-one states, and, as I believe, more a representation of the "great body of prohibitionists throughout the country" than any other body ever assembled. It was a convention spontaneously called with an unusual interim for the temperance people to consider it and to plan for it. Its delegates were citizens of representative character, many of whom and recently been active workers in or sympathizers with one or the other of the old parties. They went there under a plain call

TO NOMINATE A PRESIDENTIAL TICKET,

and for no other purpose, and your assertion that a "large part of that convention opposed placing a ticket in the field" has never before been made to my knowledge, is not justified by the detailed reports of the proceedings printed in the leading journals at the time, and is emphatically contradicted by reliable witnesses, delegates and spectators who sat in the convention and are familiar with all that was there done and said. On your third point, therefore, you surely have been misinformed as to the facts.

4. I see nothing more "confusing" in the prohibition movement than in any other unless you mean that

IT IS CONFUSING POLITICIANS.

Had prohibition alone been referred to in the platform you might have objected to it as the "one idea" party. Woman's suffrage it relegates to the states and condemning the policy of both the old parties with regard to Chinese, it but speaks in the old republican spirit, the old republican doctrine which that party, in its greed to catch the vote of the Pacific states, now repudiates. As to the imputations upon the republican candidates, I find only such as appeal to facts, and that appeal you can make as well. They should serve every occasion of truth.

5. I believe the questions considered in the prohibition platform were as carefully considered and as authoritatively adopted as any that have this year been presented to the American people; and I am satisfied that they embody, in a higher degree and far more comprehensively to the well being and prosperity of our country, than do those which have recognition in both the democratic and republican platforms.

"It is true," you say, "that the republican party declined to make prohibition an issue on its platform." The party was not asked to make prohibition an issue. For the principle it was not requested to declare.

IT WAS MERELY ASKED

to favor it by submitting the question to the people. If for it to have done this, as you assert, "would have been political suicide." Then I see no hope or possibility of the republican party ever granting even so slight a concession to temperance men, and I am amazed that we should urge any longer loyalty to that party.

7th and 8th—If that party, which you call the "party of fair play" and of majority rule" cannot now nationally declare in favor of both without political suicide, what hope have we that in any state it will long favor either, or that as a national body it will ever support the national policy for which I stand and in behalf of which national prohibition has declared. Uncompromising hostility to that policy cannot so surely and fatally delay its success as can covert enmity cloaked in friendly disguise.

9th, 10th and 11th—You are not republicans, I may assume, sir, ply because you expect to elect your ticket. We cannot forego being prohibitionists merely because we have no sure promise of at once electing ours, and while it may be unreasonable, as you insist, "to favor a change from bad to worse, simply for change," it is always reasonable and best to favor right and to

STAND BY PRINCIPLE

regardless of what change may be brought about as a result. I have loved my country well enough to carry a musket in its defence and to risk my life in its service. I hold its obligation to every brave defender or to those now representing such, as forever sacred. The national credit and the national resources of the nation, I would not see impaired, and all that was sinned for God and humanity by years of war I would see preserved through years of peace, but 175,000 legalized dram shops imperil our national credit and impair our national resources to an extent more alarming than any other danger which now threatens us. A protective tariff in the liquor traffic loses to labor ten dollars for every dollar which labor gains by a protective tariff on imports. The education and elevation of our entire people, white and black, are more dependent upon the prohibition of the saloon, than upon the perpetuity of any party in power; and as a perpetual and an invaluable defender of my country in its former need, I cannot now let old party attachments hold me silent while

A MORE DEADLY ENEMY

than rebellion bids us wait and work His will.

Twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth—As to parties and candidates, if it is wrong, as you affirm, to elect a party to power that ignores its principles and evades discussing the policy it intends to pursue, it must be radically wrong for either of us to help to elect the republican party, since, if it has any temperance principles it ignores them; if it has any temperance policy it evades discussing it. Indeed, that party's chief aim now is to hold both the liquor and the temperance vote, which purpose utterly forbids any positive temperance principle, and encourages only a practical liquor policy. In the very same issue of the Tribune, which contains your "appeal to republican prohibitionists," and your request to me, I find a letter of a republican brewer telling why brewers should support Blaine; a protest against an attempt to use their association or Cleveland, and in which occurs this frank avowal: Our national organization is 24 years old. During all these years republicans have been in power in national affairs, and I submit to every candid brewer, be he democrat or republican, if the brewers' interests of our country have not grown to immense proportions; if our rights and our interests have not been protected, fostered and encouraged by our government." In same letter I read also the following: "Mr. Blaine was correct when he said prohibition was not a national question or issue. This being the case let us not do anything to antagonize the party that has always treated the brewing interests fairly, whose policy is to foster, protect and, encourage home industries, and which should not be held responsible for the opinions and acts of a few men who claim membership in the party." And in proof that this "republican brewer" has full authority for his statement of what the republican party's policy is, "let me remind you that said party has declared for the largest "liberty of industries," which clearly includes the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, and that Mr. Blaine has recently enunciated as the third doctrine in the republican party's creed, "the encouragement of every form of American industry," which declaration, together with his revenue letter to the Philadelphia Press, proposing to "make the tax on spirituous and malt liquors a 'permanent' resource to all states," fully justifies the expectation of further "encouragement" and protection, which this republican brewer proclaims to his friends.

WITH REGARD TO THE CANDIDATE,

intellectually and morally, I have not a word to say—I prefer to leave personal abuse and vilification to those who have nothing better to uphold their cause.

But when you speak of Mr. Cleveland's gross blunder while dodging the tariff question, common fairness should forbid your excusing Mr. Blaine for his equally gross neglect of duty in dodging the vote on the prohibition amendment in his own state, for the slightest analysis of the situation would show you that it was only as to the submission of such an amendment that his party's national convention had laid any authority upon him, while the long time policy of the party in his state, submission being granted, should have commanded him to vote on and for the principle. If prohibition was not, as Mr. Blaine said, a national issue, he surely was not justified because of any action or failure to act on the part of his national convention in dodging it when presented as a state issue only. I have been many years an humble worker in the temperance cause. I am familiar with several temperance organizations of New York, and until three days ago had never heard of the New York state temperance assembly, from which your request purports to emanate. And as I observe that only three of your number reside in New York state, I am compelled to believe that its organization is

ONLY FOR CAMPAIGN PURPOSES,

and its membership so small that those who control it were forced to go outside the state for cooperation.

In conclusion, gentlemen, permit me to say that so long as the government is the open partner of the liquor business to the extent of 90 cents for every gallon of whisky made and sold; so long as men may and do illicitly sell liquor in violation of the state law, under a United States tax receipt, which makes the government partiepes criminis in such illicit sales; so long as in the District of Columbia and in the territories congress may and does permit that which it should forbid; just so long this issue of the liquor traffic will remain a national issue, and just so long the prohibition party will be

A NATIONAL NECESSITY.

In view of the fact that said party presents the only presidential nominee standing on a temperance platform, would it not be more consistent for "steadfast temperance men" at once to demand the immediate withdrawal of your own candidate, and thus avoid all possible calamities to which you refer, including, as you term it, "a thing of such doubtful propriety as to put Governor Cleveland into the white house;" for you may rest assured, that so far as I am concerned, I shall neither withdraw from the canvas nor assume a neutral position, but with God's help I shall continue this warfare on the liquor traffic as long as I live, and the flag of our country waves its protecting folds over legalized dram shops. And while a vote for any candidate, simply as such, may be lost, a vote for principle is never thrown away. I, therefore, appeal to all lovers of God, and country, and home to burst asunder the party shackles that have bound them, and rising above mere partisan considerations, cast their ballots for principle, leaving to God the results.

JOHN P. ST. JOHN.

The Temperance Ticket in Kansas.

ST. LOUIS, October 13.—The prohibition state central committee of Kansas has put H. L. Phillips at the head of their state ticket in place of A. B. Jettmore, who declined the nomination for governor.

Resignation of President Woolsey.

NEW HAVEN, October 13.

BUSINESS MATTERS.

WHAT THE WORLD OF COMMERCE IS DOING.

Incidents and Happenings in Commercial Circles Throughout the Country Failure, Etc.—Tumbling Banks—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Again—Business Items.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., October 13.—Eugene Hammel, ladies' and gent's furnishing goods, has made an assignment. His liabilities are $12,000 and his assets $10,000. The assignment was made to obtain an extension of time, and he will reopen.

A Private Bank Goes Under.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—S. S. Davis & Co., private bankers, made an assignment to T. C. Campbell. Their liabilities are estimated at $60,000; assets $15,000. Among the liabilities are a number of trust and benevolent and secret society organizations.

Closing Down Its Works.

PITTSBURG, Pa., October 13.—The Standard National company closed down its works today, because the employes refused to accept a reduction of twenty per cent in wages. The works are controlled by Oliver Bros. & Phillips.

The Cuban Treasury.

HAVANA, October 13.—The Cuban treasury department was authorized by cable, by the minister of colonies, on the 4th to draw on the Madrid treasury for one million dollars. The money was drawn on the same day. The governor general, upon the solicitation of the intendent of the treasury, has ordered that all money received by government officials, with the exception of those in the Havana custom house, shall in future be paid into the treasury, and not, as heretofore, to the representatives of the Banco Hispano Colonial.

Closed by the Sheriff.

CHICAGO, October 13.—Morgan, Rath & Co., dealers in gentlemen's furnishing goods, were closed by the sheriff to-day. Their liabilities are $25,000.

Zimmerman & Co., cloak manufacturers, today made an assignment. Their liabilities are $50,000 and their assets $35,000.

Wardell & Hinckley, dealers in machinery and engines, were closed to-day by the sheriff. Their liabilities amount to $25,000 and their assets to $18,000.

The Baltimore and Ohio Retaliates.

CHICAGO, October 13.—The Baltimore and Ohio railroad company to-day notified the agents of the steamship companies here that it would pay 20 per cent commission on all immigrant business over its line, both from New York and Baltimore. This is understood to be in retaliation for the cutting off of the Baltimore and Ohio's New York connection by the Pennsylvania railway. It is thought that this action will break up the immigrant pool, and probably demoralize the first and second-class passenger rates. Rumors are current here to-day that east-bound rates on export freights are being cut by two of the pool lines.

Railroad News from Alalgama.

MONTGOMERY, October 13.—[Special.]—The Alabama railroad commission examined M. H. Smith, president; General Freight Agent Culp, General Passenger Agent C. P. Atmore and Assistant General Passenger Agent Tacco. Welch, all of the Louisville and Nashville system, in reference to the passenger and freight tariffs of the Nashville and Decatur, South and North Alabama and its branches, the Mobile and Montgomery, the Mobile and New Orleans, the Montgomery and Pensacola, the Montgomery and Selma, and all other Alabama branches of the said system. President M. A. Smith, Theo. Welch and Culp, also Gabbett and Cromwell, of the Western railroad of Alabama, and Semple & Arrington, attorneys, left to-night for the Atlanta meeting to-morrow of the freight rate committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship association and the executive committee meeting on next day.

The Montgomery division of the order of railroad conductors had their annual election of officers yesterday.

The Western railroad of Alabama connects with new sleeper at Atlanta of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia line via Rome and the Shenandoah valley direct through to New York.

The Chicago Wheat Market.

CHICAGO, October 13.—The wheat market is very heavy and lower to-day. Prices dropped off steadily from the opening, without any appreciative reaction, and closed on the regular board 1¼ under yesterday. At the afternoon session the feeling was somewhat steadier, ¼ to ¾ higher. The declining prices absorbed a good many margins, which had a tendency to increase the offerings and lhelped the decline. The latest quotations were 75¼ for October, 76½ to 76⅝ for November, 78¼ for December. A fair speculative business was transacted in corn, accompanied by an unsettled feeling and irregular prices. The market opened in shade firmer, but under free offerings declined ⅞ to 1 for November, and ½ for all the year; then became stronger, and under better demand advanced ¾, but again became weak, declined ⅞ to 1, and closing on the regular board ¾ lower for November, ½ lower for all the year, and ¼ lower for May. On the afternoon board prices were a shade firmer, the market closing at 56⅝ for October, 53 for November, 43⅜ for all the year, and 40⅜ for May. Oats were fairly active, but under increased offerings the prices ruled easier, the market closing ⅝ to 1 under Saturday. The closing quotations were 28⅝ for October, 27 for November, 28⅝ for all the year. Pork ruled lower, closing at $16.25 for October, $12.15 for all the year, and $12.25 for January. Lard was lower, closing at $7.42½ for October, $7.20 for November and $7.22½ January.

The British Wheat Market.

LONDON, October 13.—The Markland Express in its weekly review of the corn trade, says: The weather has been stormy and unusually cold. The rain fall has improved the seed beds for the crop of 1885, but has prevented threshing, thus lessening the farmers' deliveries, and enabling the sellers to maintain rates. Flour quiet but steady. The increase in imports checks trade. Malza is scarce and higher. Barley is steady. Oats are firm and three pence higher.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

The Insurance Cases Before the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, October 13.—The supreme court of the United States re-assembled at noon to-day, with a full bench and a large attendance of members of the bar. A few attorneys were admitted to practice, but no other business was transacted, and the court adjourned at 12:15. The regular call of the docket will begin to-morrow, with the first assigned case for that day, viz.: No. 123, United States against Waddell and others, which will be submitted on printed briefs. The next case to be called is one known as the "war premium," or "old claims" cases, of the Great Western and Columbia insurance companies against the United States, brought here by appeal from the court of claims. These were suits brought by the insurance companies to recover, in one case $46,005, and in another $876,845, alleged to be due them out of the Geneva award on account of losses arising from the capture and destruction by confederate cruisers and cruising vessels, on which the petitioners had issued policies of insurance. The suits were brought in the court of claims for the alleged reason that the special tribunal appointed to consider such cases excluded the claims of the petitioners. The undisposed balance of the award was covered into the United States treasury, and the petitioners were left without any other means of enforcing their demands. The court of claims, in an opinion delivered by its chief justice, dismissed the petition upon the ground that no cause of action against the United States was shown. From that decision the petitioners have appealed.

THE NAKED MAN.

A Prominent Citizen Arrested on a Serious Charge.

WATERBURY, Conn., October 13.—The "naked man," a famous mysterious individual of this vicinity who has frightened women and children by occasional sudden appearance to them while traveling the road along Naugatuck river, south of this city, was captured yesterday, and thus was ended a mystery of many years. All previous efforts to capture the man, or to discover his identity, had failed, although the community was thoroughly aroused. He proved to be Edward Chatfield, a well known millwright. He was never suspected, and his actions are considered unaccountable. His wife and family are highly respected. His capture does away with a long standing nuisance and terror.

FROM LATIN AMERICA.

Where Revolutions Bloom and Peace is Unknown.

PANAMA, October 5.—The legislative assembly of Panama met on Friday, the 3rd instant, and Dr. Cervez, president of state, presented his resignation. Although a revolution is going on the people in the city do not seem to trouble themselves about it. At a place about three miles from here, three hundred insurgents assembled in arms, under the command of General Reis, late pretender to the presidency. Thus far there have been no movements, though they have been several days in the field.

The canal company has announced that their corps of employes being full they will make no new engagements. It is reported that they even intend reducing the actual staff.

The great dynamite mine has not been discharged yet, although another attempt was made Friday.

PERU TEMPORARILY QUIET.

Advices from Peru state that the country at present is comparatively quiet. Caceres entered Arequipa a few days ago, and it is reported he was well received. He was at the head of a force of 1,800 men.

Dr. Duarte, a colonel in the Peruvian army, who pursued Caceres after the battle of Huanachuco, was assassinated by the soldiers. It is believed the government forces will soon attack Arequipa, and if they be successful there it seems probable that there will be an end of Caceres and his Montaneros.

Other Points Heard From.

SANTO DOMINGO, October 8.—The national congress has passed a bill granting a general amnesty to all Dominicaners who have been exiled for political offenses.

CHRISTIANSTED, September 13.—The Planters' association has held a meeting and decided to reduce the wages of laborers on the estates in Demarara and the Barbadoes.

ST. JOHNS, Antiju, September 10.—The appearance of the growing sugar crop in this island is highly promising. An abundant crop is expected.

CARACAS, Venezuela, September 15.—The position of the government becomes daily more complicated. The distress among the country people still continues. They are in a deplorable condition.

ACCIDENT AND DISASTER.

Cars Thrown off the Track—Vessels Lost on the Lakes.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., October 13.—A serious accident happened to the Louisville and Nashville transfer train at Henderson, Kentucky, yesterday. The train was being hauled up an incline after coming off a barge, when five cars of merchandize jumped the track and were piled in a mass, breaking them and scattering the contents in all directions. Two brakemen were fatally injured.

The Kitty Grant Wrecked.

PENTWATER, Mich., October 13.—The schooner, Kitty Grant, left here on Tuesday morning for Chicago. On Friday evening the Muskegon tug had wrecked a vessel in tow, twenty miles south of here, which was supposed to be the Kitty Grant, but the tug's line parted and she left the vessel bottom up. The crew of the schooner consisted of the captain and three men of this place. The cargo was valued at $1,600, and the vessel at $20,000. No insurance.

A Fatal Collision.

CAMDEN, N. J., October 13.—A collision occurred here between two Pennsylvania railroad trains this a. m. Joseph Carman, engineer of one of the trains, was killed, and the fireman of the other train was fatally injured, having both legs cut off. Several passengers were hurt. Both engineers were smashed.

Highway Robbery in Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 13.—The Turkish mail caravan from Bagdad was attacked by brigands near Ismid yesterday. Three of the escort were killed, and $300,000 in government bullion was stolen. The sultan has sent troops in pursuit of the robbers.

Fatal Fall Through an Elevator.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—Wm J. Thomas, an attendant in the Cincinnati hospital, while drawing a truck containing Chris Judhoist, a patient, upon an elevator to take him to the amphitheater for a clinical lecture, fell through the hatchway pulling the truck after him and both were killed. The elevator had been taken up without his knowledge.

Fatal Accidents in Tennessee.

CHATTANOOGA, October 13.—[Special.]—Two horrible accidents occurred at Athens, Tenn., near this city to-day. Colonel Hugh Knox, a prominent stock raiser, while examining a horse was kicked to death by the animal. His head was stamped from his body.

Dave Hamilton and John Posey, two men engaged in digging a well, were both suffocated by fire damp. Hamilton went down to set a blast. Failing to give any signal, Posey also descended to ascertain what was the matter with Hamilton, when he, too, was overcome. Posey was quite wealthy.

BACK FROM MEXICO.

Colonel George W. Adair and Mr. Robbin Adair Back Home Again.

Colonel George W. Adair and his son, Mr. Robbin Adair, returned yesterday from Mexico where they have been for several weeks investigating the copper mine in which several Atlanta capitalists have stock. The Messrs. Adair presented a frontier appearance as they passed up Whitehall street to the West End car line. Their head gear especially attracted attention, and if they don't shoot that hat somebody will do it for them. Colonel Adair speaks in the highest terms of the mine. He says it is located about 4,000 yards from the Mexican Central railroad and that it is easy of access from the road. The furnaces will be located about half way between the road and the mine and the machinery has all been shipped and will soon be in working order. The mines is now being worked by about 100 hands and with the most gratifying results. The Colonel says that enough silver is found in the ore to pay for the work and that the copper is a clear profit. He thinks, however, that a little more money will be required before the mine's full worth is developed. All in all Colonel Adair is highly pleased with his investment in Mexico.

After the colonel's arrival a CONSTITUTION reporter met Mr. Robbin Adair who said:

"Ought to have been along. Had the biggest time in the world."

"Have any fun?"

"Lots of it. I killed seventeen rattle snakes, six tarantulas and would have killed an Indian but did not see any."

"How do you like Mexico?"

"First-class but there's no place like Atlanta. Why, Lee Smith and I went up on the mountain and we heard a half thousand rattle snakes. That's too much for me. Then everything you eat out there is American canned goods and lots of 'em came from Atlanta, too. But I must time to talk now. Lee Smith sends his regards to the boys."

Passing Counterfeit.

Last night Patrolman Christophine arrested a white man named McClung who passed a counterfeit silver dollar on a negro woman. In McClung's possession five other base counterfeits were found. McClung is from Gwinnett county.

Will Hold an Inquest.

To-day Coroner Hilburn will make an official investigation into the death of a negro baby who is reported to have died of starvation at its mother's home on Simpson street.

AN ALUMNI SOCIETY

Organized by Graduates of the Boy's High School.

Last night a number of the graduates of the boy's high school of Atlanta, met at the state library for the purpose of forming an alumni association. Mr. Piromis Bell was called to the chair and Mr. B. L. Brooks, was requested to act as secretary.

Mr. Bell stated the object of the meeting. It was called to organize an association which should be social and literary, and which, properly conducted, would prove the source of great profit and pleasure to its members. It is also contemplated that an entertainment shall be given by the association to each class of graduates from the high school. The roll was ordered for members last night, and fourteen young men signed their names. A committee was appointed, consisting of one from each class that has gone out from the high school, to solicit the cooperation of graduates, of which there are a large number in the city. This committee will also act as a committee on permanent organization. The following young gentlemen from the various classes were appointed on this committee:

Class of '76—S. A. Evans; class of '74—Z. W. Adcason; class of '75—J. T. Wyley; class of '76—A. W. Smith; class of '77—Horace Bradley; class of '78—T. W. Arnold; class of '79—Forest Adair; class of '80—W. C. Smith; class of '81—Isaac Hirsch; class of '82—F. S. Spencer; class of '83—L. L. Knight; class of '84—Thomas Hardwich.

The following committee on constitution and bylaws was spointed: P. H. Bell, H. Meyers, W. C. Black, C. W. Welch, Z. W. Adamson. The meeting adjourned to meet a week from Tuesday night. The young men are enthusiastic over the proposed association and mean to make it a success.

Brooks—Cook.

Sunday evening at the Evans chapel parsonage the Rev. Dr. Gibson officiating, Mr. J. M. Brooks and Miss Beulah Cook were united in marriage. Mr. Brooks is a son of Patrolman Brooks and is a young man of fine business qualification and excellent habits. His bride is a young lady of beauty and refinement. She and Mrs. Brooks are stopping at 196 Whitehall street.

The Artesian Well.

The depth of the well is now 378 feet. The drill is now working in white sand rock. The drilling is hard, but not as hard as has been for the last two weeks. The tools were at the shop for repairs yesterday and drilling will not commence until 8 p. m.

Hurt on the Railroad.

East night about 11 o'clock a young man named Reed, a brakeman on the Airline road, fell from a car he was switching when near Spring street, and dislocated his shoulder and broke his leg below the knee.

A Singular Application.

COLUMBUS, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—Gus Price, a young man who assisted in laying out the body of Miss Jane Hyatt on Sunday night, got some of the froth from her lips on a pin scratch, wound on his hand, and blood poisoning is feared. The wound was cauterized at 6 o'clock the next day, and is now running matter. The young man is still going about, though complaining of soreness in the wound. He is a member of "the praying band."

Deaths in Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—Miss Jane Hyatt, of Brownville, Ala., died Sunday night, after a lingering illness of consumption, aged 36. She leaves a mother, two sisters and a brother.

Alexander Pryor, son of the late Peck Pryor, a well known sporting man in "ante bellum" times, died in this city Sunday at 4 o'clock.

Mad Dog Killed.

COLUMBUS, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—A mad dog was killed on Broad street yesterday morning by Chief of Police Palmer. Four shots were lodged in his body before he was killed. The street was crowded with passers-by at the time, and no little excitement was created.

Jail Escape in Evergreen.

EVERGREEN, Ala., October 13.—[Special.]—By the aid of accomplices on the outside, two prisoners broke jail here Saturday night. One of them was to have been tried this week for arson in attempting to burn the jail last spring.

The Scattered Play Folks.

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—Several members of the Bertha Welby company, including Miss Culverson, which disbanded in Macon, arrived here to-day, and sailed on the City of Augusta for New York. It is feared that Miss Welby is permanently ill jured in the spine from a fall on a stage in a North Carolina town a few weeks since.

Dangerously Stabbed

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—A difficulty took place last night between James May and Henry Monahan, in which the former was dangerously stabbed in the back by Monahan. The latter was very drunk and had to be carried to the barracks in a wagon. He was bound over for appearance at the city court.

A Successful Farm.

ATHENS, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—Powell and Davenport, at Scull shoals, have 70 acres in cotton with rows seven feet apart from which they expect to gather a bale per acre, besides an enormous crop of peas raised between the rows. Their corn crop is fully double the high water last spring, but every house on the place is packed with the finest hay. It costs $12,000 a year to run this farm, and it will make at least 300 bales of cotton, leaving a clear profit of $8,000, outside of the grain and stock.

Sanitary Measures Relaxed.

WASHINGTON, October 13.—Owing to the decadence of the cholera in Europe, the secretary of the treasury has requested the department of state to discontinue the services of sanitary inspectors at London and Liverpool. The inspectors in France and Italy will be retained for the present.

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If so, bring or send your work to THE CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE and we will execute it for you,

Promptly, with New Type —AND— AT A MODERATE COST.

Estimates will be furnished upon application, and if favored with your work, we guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

We solicit from the public a generous patronage for this department, and will appreciate small favors as well as large ones. Respectfully,

CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

A HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS A YEAR

Which Atlanta Will Probably Lose—An Advance in Freight Causes The Swift Specific Company to Establish a Laboratory in Philadelphia.

Learning that the S. S. Co. would remove a large portion of their manufactory away from Atlanta, a reporter called at their office on the corner of Hunter and Butler streets to inquire into it.

"Is it true," he inquired, "that you contemplate removing your laboratory away from Atlanta?"

"Yes, I fear we will be compelled to do so," replied Dr. Rankin. "The roads have been shipping our goods as 4th class, as they do nearly all goods manufactured in Atlanta, but have now advanced the rate to 1st class, which makes quite a difference. If we open up in Philadelphia, we will, of course, only manufacture in Atlanta for the south Atlantic and gulf states. The advance of rates will make a difference of about

TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS A YEAR,

which you will readily perceive we cannot stand. We shipped a car load to Chicago on Friday last on which the freight was $314.00. The same car at the old rate would have been $166.00, making an advance in one shipment of $148.00. The railroads do not seem to appreciate the situation. Our bottles, cartoons, packing, corks and spirits are all shipped into Atlanta, and the freight on these articles alone amounts to over

THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS A YEAR,

while the goods going out, of course, amounts to a much greater sum. Our pay-roll amounts to twenty-five thousand dollars a year. Our printing is twelve thousand dollars a year. Our box makers bill is six thousand dollars a year. To sum it all up, if the railroads force us to move, it will take

A HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS A YEAR

away, which is now paid out in Atlanta; and you will at once see that it will be a loss to the city, and particularly to the laboring people, as we employ quite a number of them. This is hardly a fair calculation of the probable loss, as we expect to send a ship load to England in January, and of course would be compelled to increase our force to supply that demand."

"How is your trade?" asked the reporter.

"Better than it ever was," was replied. "We have sold more goods this month than we have ever sold in the same time since we commenced business. Our New York office sold 20 gross on Saturday."

"Do the imitations, counterfeits, etc., injure your business?" we asked.

"Oh, no. Of course every article of merit has counterfeits and imitations, but these things never succeed. The imitators of our preparation are mostly broken down humbugs, who have been failures at everything and seek to palm off frauds on the public by imitating our goods and advertising. These frauds all contain

MERCURY OR POTASH,

or both, and are consequently dangerous. One fortunate thing for the consumer is that the stomach refuses such poisons, and they are, therefore, less liable to do harm."

"Have you tried to get the railroad pool to put freights at the old price?" we asked.

"Yes; we have done so, and expect to do so again, and on their refusal we shall move and be independent of them."

—THE— East Tenn. Virginia and Georgia R. R.

On and after OCTOBER 12th, 1884.

5 PASSENGER TRAINS

Will leave ATLANTA Daily over this Road.

7.30 A. M. FOR HOME Selma, Meridian, and The South-West.

2.30 P. M. For Rome, Dalton, Chattanooga Close connection at Chattanooga for points East and West, by celebrated Shenandoah Valley Route, Pullman Cars Atlanta to New York.

11.15 P. M. For Rome, Dalton, Chattanooga. Close connection at Chattanooga for all points East and West. Leighton Sleeper Atlanta to Chattanooga and Cleveland connecting at Chattanooga with Pullman Car Chattanooga to New York

8.45 P. M. For Macon, Savannah and Jacksonville. Leighton Sleeper Atlanta to Jesup. (Breakfast House.)

3.15 P. M. Fast Express for Macon, Savannah and Jacksonville. Through Pullman Car Atlanta to Jacksonville.

Give the East Tenn., Virginia and Georgia a trial.

Quick Trains. Smooth Track, Steel Rails, Iron Bridges.

Being under ONE MANAGEMENT no danger of misconnection.

For Tickets and other information apply to

Chas. B. Walker, Passe'r Agent, Jack W. Johnson, Ticket Agent, No. 30 Wall St., ATLANTA, GA.

B. W. WRENN, Gen'l Pass'r and Ticket Agent, KNOXVILLE, TENN.

Copartnership Notice.

ON OCTOBER 7TH I ASSOCIATED WITH ME IN the wholesale fruit, produce and fancy grocery business, Mr. W. S. Webster. The style of the firm will be Clark & Webster. We will occupy the old stand formerly used by Clark & Nunnally, 26 West Alabama street, next to the Constitution building.

We will carry a full line of produce, fruits, vegetables and fancy groceries, and will pay special attention to the manufacturer of

PURE APPLE CIDER.

Thanking my friends for past patronage, and promising the new firm's close attention to all orders, I am

Respectfully A. B. CLARK.

The Drs. B. & B., Surgeons.

W. H. BETTS, M. D.
F. M. BETTS, M. D.
C. H. BETTS, M. D.

W. H. Betts, M. D., Principal Office 33½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

More capital invested, more skill employed, more cases treated and more cures effected curing the past 5 years than by any other one establishment in the world.

The Drs. B. & B. Medical and Surgical Dispensary was founded by Dr. W. H. Betts, in Toledo, Ohio, in 1879; Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1882; The Atlanta office is established at 33½ Whitehall street.

The object is to relieve the afflicted by bringing within their reach all the advantages and facilities that modern science affords for the alleviation of the sufferings of unfortunate humanity.

The Drs. B. & B. are known everywhere. Reports of the wonderful cures they have effected have been carried to every part of the country, and have won the confidence of the people.

Dr. W. H. Betts, Principal of the Drs. B. & B. Surgeons, has associated with himself eminent surgeons, skilled in every special department of medical and surgical practice.

Dr. W. H. Betts is a graduate from four Medical Colleges, 25 years experience and extensive practice in England, France and America, and is the oldest, most successful, and best known Specialist in the world. By years of constant study and investigation he has reached a degree of skill rarely attained by other members of the profession, and combining with a superior intellect the fact for grasping, arranging and adapting all the minuts and intricate factors that enter into the problem of success in life, he triumphs where others fail. His comprehensive acquaintance with every branch of practice, his knowledge of human nature, his business and professional acumen, enable him not only to select as his assistants those who are qualified by nature, education and experience, but also to so direct their efforts in engineering the different departments of a great business as to secure the best results.

FREE CONSULTATIONS.

Consultations, either in person or by letter, are free to all examinations are also free to all who desire treatment. We cordially invite the public to embrace the opportunities we offer to investigate our methods and facilities.

MEDICAL REMEDIES.

We have no secret prescriptions, and all the remedies we use have been recommended by the highest medical authority in the various schools of practice. We buy our medicines and chemicals from manufacturing druggists and pharmacists of known and established reputation. We generally receive our supplies in original packages, and all ways of the first and best quality, regardless of cost. We compound and prepare them ourselves, and it is safe to say that we have the largest assortment of pure and fresh pharmaceutical preparations of any private medical establishment in the south, consisting of over 700 different remedies. These remedies, as prescribed and compounded by us, are harmless in their effects on the system, but powerful as a means of expelling disease therefrom. We treat our patients to cure them, and use without prejudice or regard for schools or "pathy," whatever will accomplish the result. We are ever willing to tell patients what we prescribe for them and we never hesitate to tell physicians what we use in the treatment of any malady when the information is sought in a spirit of professional candor. The Imperial Science of Medicine tolerates no secrecy.

ALL DISEASES TREATED.

We treat successfully every form of disease. We are enabled to do this by employing a number of physicians who, by proper training and experience, have attained the highest degree of skill and proficiency in their respective specialties. In addition to this advantage we have every facility that science affords and that money can buy in the way of instruments, appliances, remedies, etc. We are thus thoroughly prepared to give relief to all who may come to us, whatever the nature of their malady.

THE GUIDE TO HEALTH.

An illustrated paper, containing articles on diet, dress, exercise, bathing, sleep, hygiene and the habits of life in general, concise and practical treatises on all diseases, and much valuable information for people of both sexes and all ages. Sent free to any address on receipt of a stamp.

Letters addressed to Drs. B. & B., or Dr. W. H. Betts, 33½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., will be sure to reach us.

Spring Without blossoms

Late in Life to Look for Joy—Yet Never too Late to Mend.

Readers of Hawthorne's, "House of Seven Gables will recall the pathos with which poor Clifford Pycheon, who had been unjustly imprisoned since his early manhood, said, after his release: "My life is gone, and where is my happiness? Oh! give me my happiness." But that could be done only in part, as gleams of warm sunshine occasionally fall across the gloom of a New England autumn day.

In a letter to Messrs. Hiscox & Co., Mr. L. H Titus, of Pennington, N. J., says: "I have suffered untold misery from childhood from chronic disease of the bowels and diarrhœa, accompanied by great pain. I sought relief at the hands of physicians of every school and used every patent and domestic remedy under the sun. I have at last found in PARKER'S TONIC a complete specific, preventive and cure. As your invaluable medicine, which did for me what nothing else could do, is entitled to the credit of my getting back my happy days, I cheerfully and gratefully acknowledge the fact."

Mr. E. S. Wells, who needs no introduction to the people of Jersey City, adds: "The testimonial of Mr. Titus is genuine and voluntary; only he does not adequately portray the suffering he has endured for many years. He is my brother-in-law, and I know the case well. He is now perfectly free from his old troubles, and enjoys health and life, ascribing it all to PARKER'S TONIC

Unequalled as an invigorante stimulates all the organs; cures ailments of the liver, kidneys, and all diseases of the blood. sat wky

WASHINGTON SEMINARY,

16 East Cain Street, Atlanta, Ga.

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR Girls and Young Ladies. Thorough Education; good advantages; reasonable terms. Fall Term begins first Monday in September. For circulars apply to

MRS. BAYLOR STEWART, Principal.

sun wed fri

HIDDEN TREASURES.

FOR THIRTY-FIVE YEARS IN COMPARATIVE OBSCURITY.

Its Wonderful Powers Declared, Publicly, Bringing Sunshine and Happiness to Thousands.

A REMARKABLE SPECIMEN.

From the Athens, Ga., Banner Watchman.

"You are looking like a new man," remarked a Banner-Watchman reporter to Mr. J. J. Head, a prominent merchant of our city, yesterday.

"You can truthfully say that I am looking better, feeling better and I am a great deal better than I was last winter," remarked Mr. Head.

"Would you mind giving us a history of your sufferings and what brought about the great change?"

"Not in the least. I feel it a duty I owe to mankind generally to let them know what wrought such a change in my appearance and health. I have suffered from the worst case of Eczema that any man ever did suffer with. I was broken out with soreness on my feet to my knees; my hands and arms to my elbows were in a terrible condition, and my head and face were horrible to look at. I have suffered the tortures of the damned from this dreadful disease, and nothing seemed to give me any relief. I went to the Hot Springs of Arkansas, the Mecca for all who suffer from skin and blood diseases, and found no relief, after spending a large amount of money. I then went to all the watering places of East Tennessee, determined to see if there was not some mineral water that would erase these horrible blotches from my face, legs and arms. East Tennessee and all its famous waters did no good, and I came back home determined to try what virtue, if any, were in doctors and medicine. I did so to my heart's content. I have taken not gallons, but barrels, of different kinds of medicine, and consulted the best physicians that I could find, and still no relief came. I had suffered for five long years, and after all my travels to watering places, and all the medicines I had taken, I still found myself worse at the end of the five years. I had spent large sums of money to get relief, and none came. It seemed to me that it was about time I was losing faith in doctors, medicine and health giving waters. I was almost making up my mind that this eczema was incurable; that there was no relief for me, and that I should have to suffer to the end of a miserable existence. I was persuaded to use the B. B. B., a patent medicine manufactured in Atlanta. I had become thoroughly disgusted with patent medicines, but after some persuasion concluded to try it. I commenced to improve after the first bottle, and up to the present time have taken only ten bottles and I consider that I am a well man. Look at my arms, legs and face," remarked Mr. Head, "There is not much sign there now, as you can see. Only the scars left by the sores is all that can be discerned. The B. B. B. did it all. I attribute it to nothing else. I am now 38 years old, and I feel like I was a young man again. The B. B. B. cannot be too highly recommended by any one who has tried it. It does all that it claims to do, and does it quickly, too. You do not have to deluge nor drench yourself with a hundred bottles of this medicine to get relief, but as soon as the first bottle is taken you can see that relief is at hand. I wish the B. B. B. company all the success possible. They have brought me out again to health and happiness."

"Do you think this disease will ever come back on you again?" asked the reporter.

"You can see for yourself that the skin on my arms and face looks healthy and clear, and has the appearance of being entirely void of anything like the dreadful disease, from which think I am entirely free."

I hereby certify that I have known J. J. Head for a number of years, and take pleasure in stating that he is a high-toned gentleman and worthy of belief, and all that he says about his wonderful cure I know to be correct.

J. H. DORSEY, Mayor.

I testify that I have known J. J. Head for a long time, and know to be perfectly reliable and trustworthy, and that his cure is most wonderful. W. L. WOOD,

sun Alderman First Ward.

Saved His Life.

A PHYSICIAN'S TESTIMONY.

I was called to see Mr. John Pearson, who was confined to his bed with what appeared to be consumption of the worst form. As all of his family had died of that dread disease (except his half brother), his death was regarded as certain and soon. After exhausting all the remedies, I finally as a last resort, sent for a bottle of Brewer's Lung Restoror and it acted like magic. He continued the use of it for some time and has been fully restored to health. So far as I could discover, he had consumption, and Brewer's Lung Restorer saved his life.

J. O. HOLLOWAY, M. D., Barnesville, Ga.

ANOTHER RESCUE FROM DEATH.

In 1881, while sewing on a machine, my wife was taken with a severe pain in her side, which was soon followed by the horrors from her lungs, severe cough and fever, and could neither eat or sleep, and in a few weeks was reduced to a mere skeleton. Her stomach refused to retain any food, and the physician thought one of her lungs was entirely gone. At a final consultation of two physicians her case was pronounced hopeless. I tried Brewer's Lung Restorer by advice of one of the physicians, and she began to improve after the third dose. She continued the medicine, and is now in excellent health, and is better than she has been in several years. I believe Brewer's Lung Restorer saved her life.

BENJAMIN F. HERNDON, Yatesville, Ga.

Brewer's Lung Restorer is a purely vegetable preparation, contains no opium, morphine bromide, or any poisonous substance. Send for circular of long list of wonderful cures.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, Macon, Ga.

Dobonnets Business College

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA, LIBRARY BUILDING.

ONE OF THE FINEST INSTITUTES IN THE United States. Real business transacted with real college currency. Board in the city cheap. Time required from 3½ to 4 months. Beautiful diplomas awarded on completing course in satisfactory manner. Send for circular. 3t sun

T. J. HARPER,

Jewelry, Fancy Goods, Dolls, Toys.

THE LARGEST STOCK AND LATEST NOVELties in the city. The greatest variety, the cheapest goods, the finest goods, the most goods for the least money at the Doll—r store, 7 Peachtree street. su wed fri sun

GEORGIA GOSSIP

SHORT TALKS WITH THE SCRIBE OF THE COUNTRY PRESS.

Burning of a Georgia Cotton Warehouse with Forty Bales of Cotton—A Peculiar Spider Webb—A Farmer Caught in a Gin and Severely Injured—Heavy Rains about Augusta, Etc.

A good many young men around Marshallville are going to Florida to settle.

The Montezuma Record says that Montezuma, though almost in the swamp, has a solid foundation of flint rock, about six feet thick, at a depth of twenty to thirty feet. All the artesian wells bored in Montezuma passed through rock.

Louisville Georgia Farmer: Just as we go to press we learn that Mr. P. A. Shingleduff has his gin-house with forty bales of cotton on it burned to the ground yesterday evening. The loss will be about $2,500 and no insurance.

Dr. J. N. Oliver is building near Louisville, but will move to Sparta the coming year.

A new academy is being erected at Savannah, to cost $50,000.

Augusta Item: Heavy rains are complaining of dull times.

Greensboro Herald: The next Augusta Tourday night. The county commissioners at their regular monthly meeting last Tuesday decided not to rent the county bridges for the retail of spirituous liquors.

Augusta Chronicle: Yesterday afternoon a cotton gin was running in Augusta, owned by Mr. Curran Bennett, living about seven miles from Waynesboro, caught fire and was burned. The gin and cotton were insured for $1,000. Mr. Bennett was severely injured in his body by being caught in the machinery. He was also severely burned about the face and hands, a majority of which will cause the loss of sight in his left eye. This was followed by the death of his child, which was about six years of age, a few days after the accident. He has been a prominent man in Screven county for many years, and is the father of a large family. Mr. George Goodrich, who married Miss Carter left Thursday for Warrenton.

Oglethorpe Echo: Ever since the election last week there has been a good deal of excitement in this county, and speculation as to what will be the result. Many people are of the opinion that Mr. C. M. Witcher, the Democratic nominee for the legislature, was defeated by Mr. Crawford, the Greenback candidate, but that it was impossible to count him in, owing to the manner in which the votes were counted. We will not enter into the discussion of the matter, but that it was a question for the general public to decide. And now that the election is over, we will let the matter rest. We will say, however, that we have heard from all sections of the county, and from reliable sources, that Mr. Witcher will be the legislature from this county by a majority of from one hundred to two hundred votes. We will not enter into the discussion of the matter, but that it was a question for the general public to decide. And now that the election is over, we will let the matter rest. We will say, however, that we have heard from all sections of the county, and from reliable sources, that Mr. Witcher will be the legislature from this county by a majority of from one hundred to two hundred votes.

Cedar shoals is spelled over a peculiar spot. It is filled with rocks and pinnacles and there is ample fear to tons of water passing through it on account of the evil effects of the rocks. Some time ago a raise therefrom, and old and young would walk it by night as well as by day. But now it is said to be surely impeded to those who place faith to superstitious notions.

Augusta News: Augusta was doubly fortunate last night with the presence of night-blooming cereus. Mr. Painter's residence on the Greene was visited by a number of these beautiful flowers, about twelve of these beautiful flowers were in bloom. Visitors admired be a select number of the blooms were photographed by lamplight. An enthusiastic admirer of nature in the garden fashion knows as the cactus family.

Sylvania Telephone: Mr. Bryant Odom, of the Fork, paid a visit to his old friend Rev. M. L. McCall, Sr., on Sunday. The meeting was well attended as very interesting. It was a meeting of the children. Saturday night before the second Sunday in June last, and continued through Sunday night. Monday and the 28th. Mr. McCall will reach his eighty-second birthday on the 28th October next. These were the old days when the people came from early youth, and have served in the ministry several years. Mr.

GEORGIA GOSSIP

SHORT TALKS WITH THE SCRIBES OF THE COUNTRY PRESS.

Burning of a Gin-house with Forty Bales of Cotton—A Peculiar Paper Weight—A Farmer Caught in a Gin and Severely Injured—Heavy Rains about Augusta, Etc.

A good many young men around Marshallville are going to [illegible] to settle.

The Montezuma Record says that Montezuma, though almost in the swamp, has a solid foundation. There is [illegible] feet of flint rock, about six to eight feet thick, at a depth of twenty to forty feet. All the artesian wells bored in Montezuma passed through this rock.

Lowndes County Farmer: Just as we go to press we learn that Mr. F. A. Sinquefield lost his gin-house, with forty bales of cotton on it, by fire Saturday evening. The loss will amount to a considerable.

Mr. J. N. C[illegible] has in the city a paper weight that is a curiosity. It is a [illegible] from the Guards will be completed [illegible] the coming year at a cost of [illegible].

Augusta News: [illegible] are complaining of dull times. Heavy rains fell in Augusta Thursday night.

The county commissioners, [illegible] regularly meeting last Tuesday, decided not to [illegible] for the retail of spirituous liquors in the county.

Yesterday afternoon a telegram was received in Augusta announcing that well known farmer of Warren county, living [illegible] miles from Warrenton, had [illegible] and instantly killed. It is [illegible] that he was [illegible] by another stalk of cotton which he was [illegible] from his injuries. No particulars could be learned, but it is supposed he had been drawn into the gin and [illegible] in his body to have produced death. Battle was about sixty years old, well known throughout the county, and a prominent man in Warren county. His death will be a sad loss to the community and a valuable citizen. Messrs. John R. Carter, of this city, and Mr. Battle, Mr. and Mrs. Carter left for Warrenton.

Since the election last week there has been considerable talk and speculation on the result of the fight between Mr. M. Witcher. The governor certified it and replied that he had no power in the matter, but that it was a question for the legislature to decide. As to "What will the legislature do now stands, a majority of opinion seems to be that it will not count the vote cast at the election for Mr. Witcher, since Mr. J. L. Jarrell, who received the next highest vote for the office, will make an affidavit, filed before the governor, that he has been abroad the greater part of the time since the election, and will withdraw from the contest, if the legislature so will not, but will contest the seat before the legislature. It is also said that a sub-committee will probably be appointed from that body to canvass the vote before the legislature convenes.

Augusta was doubly fortunate in the possession of night-blooming cereus in the gentleman's residence on Jones street, where any number who admired the beautiful flower with twelve of these rare specimens in bloom at one time. Mr. Heard's, on the hill. This is admired by a select few, and the blooms were photographed by an enthusiastic artist who has a fashion known as the camera.

Sylvania Telephone: Mrs. Bryant Odom, of the Poplar Springs district, died at the residence of her old friend Rev. M. N. Lee, in this city, last Saturday. The meeting was decided to be a meeting of two days, commencing last Monday, Mr. Odom's birthday and the fifth of June, and will reach his 82d year next. Those venerable people have been married [illegible] years, and have lived [illegible] from early youth, and [illegible] number of [illegible] The above applied to [illegible] in said war, and as an attorney at Washington was a good one. They are the sole survivors of [illegible] in this section. If the government [illegible] these old veterans any [illegible] they will have to act promptly, else [illegible] over the dark valley and [illegible] on the other side.

PRESS AND PEOPLE.

The Summerville Georgian states that it is for democracy and that its editor as an humble citizen will [illegible] his vote for the best interests of his country as he understands them, without fear, favor or [illegible] reward or the hope thereof."

Savannah Times: It seems to us that the plan matured by the [illegible] road system for the [illegible] related to act as the most powerful [illegible] immigration propaganda that could be devised. Their design is to make an exhibit of the resources, products and industries of [illegible] sections of country through which the roads pass, the idea being to illustrate the advantages of each country to [illegible] and the effect [illegible] possibly to show the outside world its unrivalled attractions to settlers and manufacturers.

Albany Advertiser: There are some business men in this section of Albany so penurious that they actually love their dollars best because it is free.

For Holmes bone: We are sorry to learn that [illegible] members of the churches of Fort Gaines have seen fit to desert their churches and commence selling whisky.

One of our southern Georgia exchanges says: "We have now see the [illegible] gilded ships of the democracy leaving [illegible] and the slimy barges of republicanism moving away."

Colonel Joshua Jones, formerly of the Arlington Advance and the south Georgia Clarion, has become associate editor of the Dooly Vindicator.

The editor of the Dooly Vindicator takes pleasure in contrasting the present prosperity of his people with the time when he "shouldered the responsibility of this noble enterprise in its crippled and run-down condition, with most of the people's hands drawn back as if they regarded it as a certain approaching failure just wiggling in its last death efforts, to soon breathe its last."

Crawford News-Monitor: A large number of the citizens of Upson county took upon the election of officers with about the same respect that they would a common foot race or a cock fight. No one would approve of sending up as our representatives a lump of a whisky barrel and a bunch of niggers for, say we, for the county is not worthy of the standard of freight it would take to feed the body of each, the negro and the barrel, to [illegible] suppose, however, that some one could start [illegible] and walk.

The Pike County News has issued a rattling good trade review.

Dr. Brewster, of Brunswick, according to the Advertiser and Appeal, published a grammar years ago, in which he suggested for a new personal pronoun common gender, singular number, the following: nominative "e," possessive "es," objective "em."

Poisoned to Death.

LOGANVILLE, Ga., October 14.—[Special.]—A negro baby was poisoned to death in our town last Friday. Its mother who has been in the habit of giving it Laudanum when it was fretful, left the baby in charge of her little boy. The baby got fretful and the little boy gave the laudanum and poured all of it into the baby's mouth. Saturday morning [illegible] was a dead baby in the house [illegible] by an overdose of laudanum.

No More Rain in Five Years.

LAGRANGE, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—It is said that a negro child was born in this county some weeks ago which lived only a few hours, and before dying raised up in bed and said "no more rain in five years." It is common talk among the negroes.

Religion in Bartow.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—A revival is in progress at the Baptist church in Cartersville. Seven persons were baptized Sunday in Rettl's creek, about two miles from town.

The negroes have taken charge of the bush arbor where the white people held their union meeting, and are having large crowds every night.

GEORGIA POLITICS.

Mr. Allen McArthur has been elected senator of the 17th district by a large and flattering vote and Mr. Charles S. Hamilton representative from Montgomery county. Both will make good members.

Mr. Marck A. Hardin will be a candidate for clerk of the house. He has become a familiar figure at the clerk's desk. The efficiency and courtesy with which he has discharged the duties of the office have earned for him a just and widespread reputation. The office of clerk is a difficult, and often an annoying, one to fill, but Mr. Hardin seems to have met its responsibilities with remarkable success.

Oglethorpe's Contested Election.

LEXINGTON, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—The contestants, with their attorneys, will commence to canvass the returns of the last election in this county here, to-morrow.

Messrs. John Reid and J. T. Oliver have been engaged by the Hon. C. H. Wilcher to contest the election of J. H. McWhorter.

The Campaign in the Fourth.

GREENVILLE, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—The republicans of the 4th congressional district met in Greenville last Saturday and nominated R. E. Miller, of Newnan, for congress, refusing most emphatically to indorse Henry Persons, the Independent. Locke and Johnston of Columbus, made speeches, and great enthusiasm for Milner was manifested. The democracy of the fourth must reconvene, or the district may be represented in the next congress by a republican. The republican nomination is a death-blow to the hopes of Persons, but we trust the democracy will now be solid. Put Meriwether down for 1,000 majority for Harris.

THE CHATTAHOOCHEE ASSOCIATION.

The Close of the Sixtieth Annual Association—An Interesting Occasion.

FLOWERY BRANCH, October 13.—[Special.]—The Chattahoochee Baptist association closed its sixtieth annual session at this place yesterday. It is conceded on all hands to have been the most harmonious, successful and interesting session ever held by this historic body.

The association met on Friday morning. The introductory sermon was preached by Rev. J. L. Phillips. D. S. McClurry was elected moderator, and H. W. J. Ross, clerk.

The letters from the twenty-eight churches composing the association showed a wonderful increase of spiritual growth throughout its bounds. Four hundred and seven additions by baptism was shown to have been gathered into the Master's kingdom during the associational year, and a wonderful revival system has been manifested throughout our borders.

The [illegible] closed its [illegible] on Saturday afternoon, and during the closing of that grand body you children of the Heavenly King," ex-Governor Brown preached on the mission work. [illegible] not room, and at [illegible] two hundred persons were [illegible] to gain admission to any of the services. Collections extremely satisfactory in amount [illegible] up all the churches, and there was a great outpouring of the Holy Spirit.

At 3 o'clock in the afternoon Rev. J. H. Braille organized the Baptist church pulpit, and H. J. Adam, of Gainesville, addressed an immense audience in the Methodist church on the subject of Sabbath-school work, and its relations to the church. Both churches were again filled at night, Flowery Branch was hardly ever so full before. All the surrounding country crowded in, and on Sunday the crowd was swelled by heavy delegations from Gainesville, Buford and all the surrounding towns.

It would be guilty of violence to my own feelings did I close this hurried sketch without paying a tribute to the [illegible] hospitality of this noble people. All denominations vied with each other in extending a royal and hearty welcome to visitors. Every door stood open, and every table was loaded, and every [illegible] strove to excel in the generous entertainment of such a crowd. The beautiful little town, prosperous, and [illegible] building up rapidly, seemed anxious to place on the altar of hospitality a thank offering for her prosperity. Right nobly did her citizens sustain their deserved reputation for the cleverest, most whole souled people in northern Georgia.

Our correspondent had the good fortune to be the guest of that saintly woman, Mrs. Porter of Flowery Branch house, and is indebted to her for a gentle courtesy, generous hospitality and innumerable kindnesses that will be long remembered.

THE STATE MILITARY.

A Savannahian's Views Favoring an Organization of Posts.

From the Savannah Times.

Editor Daily Times: The admirable system adopted by the volunteers of Georgia in organizing into posts for effective, combined work towards putting the state force on a firm and permanent basis, commends itself to all good citizens who have the welfare of the commonwealth at heart, and who take pride in her glorious history. Legislators are now being chosen for the coming general assembly, and they should look carefully into this exceedingly important matter, and make up their minds to do what is constitutional, necessary and proper in the premises, so as to subserve the state's peace and security.

Nineteen years ago Georgia was a sad spectacle. The clouds of war had rolled away, leaving her poor, with ruins in the place of cities and houses, her fields a waste, her sons tramping home from distant battlefields, paroled prisoners, while tens of thousands of her best were strewn from Virginia to Texas; [illegible] chaotic.

Her volunteer commands, which had covered themselves with glory in the late war of 1861-65, some in previous wars as well pronounced by Lee at their own cost to fight the great battle of peace, submit to martial order. From that time until now, in every [illegible] Georgia advanced [illegible] the support of her soldiery, who by their presence have given to her a proud position for fifteen years. She has called upon them [illegible] to suppress riot and disorder; they have [illegible] cheerfully, promptly, effectually and without jeopardy.

Some silly would-be statesmen declare that the volunteers are unnecessary in time of peace. What says the constitution of Georgia, the supreme law? Article IV, section 1, paragraph 1 declares: "A well regulated militia being essential to the peace and security of the state, the general assembly shall have authority to provide by law how the militia of this state shall be organized, officered, trained, armed and equipped, and of whom it shall consist." Paragraph 2—"The general assembly shall have power to authorize the formation of volunteer companies and to provide for their organization into battalions, regiments, brigades, divisions and corps, with such prescriptions as may be prescribed by law, and shall have authority to arm and equip the same." Paragraph 3—"The officers and men of the militia and volunteer forces shall not be entitled to receive any pay, rations or emoluments when not in active service by authority of the state."

The constitution could not possibly have declared more expressly and more definitely that a well organized militia system or volunteer system, as the case might be, was and is absolutely necessary to that highest object of government, "the peace and security of the state."

The organic law points out the necessity and directs the general assembly to meet it by the proper laws.

This has not been done. Some of the command, which have "illustrated Georgia" nobly, have died unable to live without financial aid. Some are mere skeletons, barely existing. Some are alive and in good condition, treasuring their great past, proud of their record, full of "esprit de corps" and ready on telegraphic call to obey the commander-in-chief and go to any part of the state on duty; these are maintained by their own members.

This state of affairs is pitiable; the so-called economy which produces it is a crime. But, says the would-be statesman, admit the constitutional declaration of the necessity of say a voluntary military establishment; admit that, if all the volunteer commands in Georgia were disbanded to-day, three hundred and seventeen millions of dollars of property would be in peril, not to mention the lives of citizens, and that the law would be defied, yet how can the legislature appropriate money for the maintenance of such military establishment?

We reply in one sintence: The word "equip," small as it is, has a tremendous meaning; a better word could not have been selected by the framers of the constitution. It covers the furnishing of everything necessary to support the commands.

The limitation in paragraph 3, as to pay and rations to officers and men only when called out by the state, does not curtail the significance of this big little word, 'equip."

See the dictionary, statesman.

SAVANNAH VOLUNTEER.

GEORGIA BY WIRE.

THE NEWS OF THE STATE BRIEFLY CHRONICLED.

The Scattered Welby Troupe—A Splendid Offer to An Athens Singer—A Stabbing Affray in Savannah—A Colored Thief Shot—Methodism in Carroll—Rome's Schools.

ROME, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—The coal house at S. T. Rhudy's, in DeSoto, was set on fire Sunday afternoon by a sun-glass which had been used by an artist for portrait work. The fire was soon extinguished.

Sunday in LaGrange.

LAGRANGE, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—Miss T. J. Uptwell, H. Banks Jr., J. P. Thornton and J. Ed. Toole, were ordained deacons on the Baptist church last night. Rev. S. P. Calloway preached the sermon which has been asked for publication by a large number of those present. Rev. R. H. Harris led in the ordination prayer and Rev. J. A. Vyon delivered the charge.

A Colored Thief Shot.

ROME, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—About four o'clock on Sunday morning a colored thief attempted to steal a box of tobacco from the freight depot of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. He was detected by the watchman who fired his shotgun, discharging a load of buck shot in the negro's back. The wounds are considered dangerous. The negro is in jail, where he receives medical attention.

Murder in Oglethorpe.

LEXINGTON, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—Scott Brawner, colored, shot and killed Ike Fluman, colored, last Thursday evening on the plantation of Mr. I. M. Johnson, between this place and Crawford. Scott made his escape.

Passing Away in Their Prime.

SAVANNAH, October 13.—[Special.]—Within the past thirty days Oglethorpe Light Infantry has lost four war members, all of whom were in the prime of life and who died suddenly. They were H. A. Elkins, W. C. Crawford, W. M. Sneed and Henry L. Davis.

Miss Veronee's Offer.

ATHENS, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—Miss Ellen Veronee, a young lady of Athens, has received an offer of five thousand dollars a year by a musical director in New York. He guarantees her this amount to go on the stage and sing for five years. She has a splendid voice.

A Fugitive Convict Arrested.

SPRING PLACE, Ga., October 13.—[Special]—A negro dressed in a convict suit and giving his name as Simon Piles was captured near here to-day by A. P. Duncan and placed in the county jail. A few nights ago a suspicious character was met in the road by Captain A. K. Ramsey, near his residence, and upon being "commanded to halt put the head by Captain A. K. Ramsey, near his residence, and upon being "commanded to halt put whip to his horse and was [illegible] away, when Captain Ramsey fired at him, and he jumped off the horse and took to the woods. Piles says he was the man, and that he "borrowed" the horse from a man near Ellijay. He was sent to the Marietta and North Georgia camps from Floyd county for the murder of Pink Smith, colored.

Rain and Crops in Burke.

WAYNESBORO, October 13.—[Special.]—It is so hot here that it is almost intolerable. Vegetation and trees are dying for want of rain. The general belief is that hot weather and want of rain. It is thought that 70 per cent of the cotton crop of Burke is gathered, and that it will have all been gathered by November 1.

The Burke county fair association have made splendid arrangements to have the fair November 5, 6, 7 and 8. A fine exhibition in every department is expected. The finest blooded horses gotten by Major W. A. Wilkins have created quite a mania for the horses, and much good will result from his efforts.

Death of Henry L. Davis

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—A telegram received to-day from Asheville, N. C., announced the death of Henry L. Davis, tax receiver of this county. As mentioned in these dispatches, Davis fell and broke his thigh while walking from the hotel on Friday. Congestion was the produced resulting in paralysis of the brain. The deceased was forty-three years old and a widower, having twice married. He was a member of Oglethorpe Light Infantry, and lost his left arm in the battles around Knoxville. He was also an honorary member of the Chatham Artillery, for fifteen years O. C. in the market, and the last two years was tax receiver. He leaves two brothers, Jacob, living in Cincinnati; Joseph W. C., in Liberty county, and one sister, Mrs. John W. Cox, of Atlanta. The remains will reach here Wednesday.

METHODISM IN CARROLL.

The Eighteenth Annual Session of the Georgia Conference.

CARROLLTON, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—The third day's session of the conference commenced at half past eight o'clock at Mount Zion, Carroll county. Bishop Walden presiding. Rev. E. F. Dean conducted the opening services.

The bishop presented to the conference Rev. J. F. Speer, D. D., president of East Tennessee, and Colonel John E. Bryant. Wiley J. Westbrook, of the Gainesville district, was elected to local deacons orders.

The character of the following persons was passed: D. S. Sullivan, James J. Donohue, L. C. Bunch, J. H. Hurley, Emory F. Dean.

The reports of committee were received and adopted, the most important of which perhaps was that on the centenary of Methodism. It was decided to have a series of meetings commencing November 16th, and continuing to the end of the year, for the purpose among other things of raising money to be given to aid the colonies at Ellijay and Mount Zion.

Rev. Dr. Spence addressed the conference in behalf of the university of which he is president.

P. P. Carroll was admitted to full connection. J. L. Fowler and R. S. Lumpkin were made effective.

The conference adjourned until Monday.

THE SCHOOLS IN ROME.

The Opening of the Public School System in the Hill City.

ROME, Ga. October 13.—[Special.]—This was an epoch day in Rome. For the first time in her history hundreds of white and colored children were enrolled as pupils in the public schools. The beautiful building for the white pupils is completed and handsomely furnished. The cost of the building and furniture is $11,300, and it is safe to say this is the best public grammar school building in Georgia. Professor Benjamin Neely, formerly of Augusta, is superintendent, with the following corps of teachers in the white school: Miss Mozella Fouche, Anna Harris, Sena Towers, Mrs. Carl, Mrs. Mary Shropshire and Mrs. Ida Snyder. The faculty of the colored school is A. B. Fortune, principal; W. A. Holmes, assistant, and Clara Barnett, Tillie Scott and Minnie Lyman teachers. Rome is justly proud of her public schools, and her citizens feel that the opening today marks a new era of prosperity for the hill city.

DISASTROUS EXPLOSION.

Three Men Killed and Others Seriously Wounded.

BUCHANAN, October 13.—[Special.]—A most frightful disaster occurred at Roger's saw mill, six or seven miles west of this place, Thursday last. The forty-horse power boiler exploded, killing J. C. Rogers, owner of the mill, and James Eson instantly. Mr. "Bud" Pardow lived only a few hours and died in intense agony, having been so badly scalded that the flesh would peel off where he was touched. Mr. Rogers had his skull split open. Mr. Eson was literally torn to pieces, and the fragments of the poor men's body had not been recovered Friday night. Two sons of Mr. Rogers were badly wounded, and one of them will probably die. A Mr. Rutledge was seriously but not dangerously wounded. Mr. Chess Lindsey had the point of his shoulder knocked off and was otherwise injured. A boy who was standing near was badly scalded, but will recover. The cause of the explosion is not known. Many people visited the scene of the disaster Friday and rendered needed assistance.

STATE SPECIALS CONDENSED.

Mrs. Dow Covington, an estimable lady of Murray county, is dead.

The ordinary of Murray county, has ordered an election on the question of removing the county site, to be held on November 19.

The adjourned term of Bartow superior court will convene next Monday. Several important cases are set for trial at that time.

Dr. Lyndon and T. L. Winkler, of Athens, have perfected an important umbrella attachment, and will have it patented.

Fred Spearing, bookbinder for H. L. Crauford, in Athens, was married to Miss Leila Bain on Sunday evening.

The Athens foundry is now building a large reservoir for the gas works. This will double the capacity of the works.

The young military spirits of Athens, speak of reorganizing the old Athens Guards.

Eat Slow,

clean your mouth afterwards with SOZODONT, and your teeth will be in condition to work for years. Thousands of dyspeptics bolt their food because they cannot masticate properly. Chew fine, eat slow, and use SOZODONT

LANDS OF THE BIBLE.

Lecture of Professor J. W. McGarvey a Hunter Street Church of Christ.

Professor J. W. McGarvey, author of "The Lands of the Bible," and professor of sacred history and evidences of Christianity in the college of the Bible at Lexington, Ky., was in the city during the week just closed, attending the convention of the churches of Christ. Thursday night he delivered a most interesting lecture at the Hunter street church on the "Lands of the Bible," which is summarized below:

Professor McGarvey read Luke 1: 1-4, and 1 John 1: 1-4 as a basis for his lecture which he called: "An Argument from the Agreement of the Land and the Book."

He spoke substantially as follows:

"There is no line of argument in which infidel writers of the past century have more thoroughly united their strength than in an effort to prove that the historical books of the new testament were written in the second century. They assign a date this early, because the evidence of their existence then is so conclusive to admit of a doubt. And they assign to them so late a date because, if admitted that they were written in first century, it would be impossible to throw serious doubt on their reputed authorship. Ernest Renon the most brilliant of them, admits that these books were written in the last half of the first century, and by the authors to whom they are accredited. As you will find in the introduction of his life of Christ. When the advocate of Christianity obtains this concession from his adversary, an easy victory is before him.

Among the many evidences that the writers of the New testament were eye witnesses of the things which they record, or obtained their information from those who were eye witnesses, is that derived from their unwavering fidelity to the circumstances of time and place. A fictitious narrative, located in a country with which the writer is not personally familiar, must either avoid local situations or be found frequently in conflict with the peculiarities of place and of manners and customs. This conflict exposes the fictitious character of the narrative. Should such a conflict be found in the gospels, or in any portion of the Bible, it would be impossible to defend them as genuine. This point was forcibly illustrated often by the correspondents of newspapers in their descriptions both of places and things. The liability to error in regard to local details is well known to our courts of justice. And it is no uncommon thing to take the jury to the place where the transaction in question occurred in order that they may settle by their own observation all questions of the kind. In applying the same test to the witnesses concerning the life and sayings of Jesus, and concerning all the events recorded in the Bible, we but acting the part of prudence, and we should accept the result with the utmost candor. That there is a general agreement between the Bible and the geography of Palestine is a well known fact. Its plains, mountains, valleys, rivers, lakes, cities and deserts, are in all parts of the Bible, correctly named and correctly located. The political divisions are also recognized. In not a single instance from the beginning to the end of the book, is there a failure to agree in these particulars. This would be beyond precedent, even if the entire Bible had been written at one time by a single author; but when we remember that its various books were composed by more than thirty different authors, who lived in different ages, extending over a period of 1,500 years, we can but be astonished at the result. But the ground of astonishment is not fully realized until we remember that all other historical writings that have come down to us from antiquity are notoriously erroneous. Rollin's "Ancient History," written about 120 years, and a standard work for a century, would be regarded as unfit to teach the young, unless accompanied by the work of some writer of more recent date to correct its errors. But in no one have we found cause to publish a corrected edition of Bible history, nor have the researches of modern antiquaries had any other effect than to confirm and illustrate its local allusions and historical statements. On this fact, also, we might base our reliance on the entire credibility of the Bible writers; but this is only the beginning of the story.

The accuracy of a historian is more thoroughly tested by the minute matters of geography, such as the relative levels of different portions of the country, the trees which it grows, and the peculiar features of its climate. In these the Bible writers are as unfailingly accurate as in the more general features already mentioned. In all the books, from Genesis to Acts, the invariable expression for a journey between Egypt and Canaan are "down into Egypt," and "up out of Egypt;" Jacob was commanded to "go up from the plain near Shechem to Bethel;" Joshua and his army "went up" against Ai; Samson always went "down" when he went among the Philistines; the man who fell among thieves "went down from Jerusalem to Jericho;" Peter "came down" to the saints who dwelt at Lydia; the brethren brought Paul "down" to Cesarea; and everywhere, in both the old Testament and the new, the people went "up" to Jerusalem, every road leading thither running upward except the one from Bethel to Ai, in all these and a multitude of other instances, the relative levels of places is correctly recognized, and in not a single instance of this kind has any of the Bible writers been found at fault.

In regard to the trees of a county, a writer may so inform himself as to speak with accuracy when formally naming the trees which grow there; but if he indites a narrative in a country with which he is not personally familiar, in his incidental allusions to the trees he is sure to betray himself by unconsciously substituting the trees of his own country. Yet nothing of this kind is found among all the Bible writers. In the table of the trees going forth to choose for themselves a king, the author represents an olive offering the crowns first of all to the olive next to the vine, and next to the vine. Judges 9: 7-14. But in what other country do these three rank thus with one another, and with all the trees? Jacob buried his mother's nurse under an oak near Bethel, Gen. 35:8; and Absalom is represented as being caught by the head in the "thick boughs of a great oak" though in almost every other country the boughs of a great oak are either too high or not thick enough for a man's head to be caught in them. Zaccheus is represented as climbing a sycomore tree, and the prophet Amos says, "I was a herdman, and a gatherer of sycomore fruit," though the sycamore of other countries bears no fruit at all. Who would venture on such a case, and a large number of other allusions, to the trees of Judea and their peculiarities, if he were writing a fictitious narrative?

The climate, its peculiarities, the manners and customs of the people, which are to a considerable extent inherited by the present inhabitants, when described by the Bible writers, are equally exact.

What reader of the Bible in other heads has not been puzzled by the statement in the parable of the vine dressers, that a man "planted a vineyard and fenced it round about," and digged a wine press in it and built a tower and let it out to husbandmen," Matt. xxi. 33. But when the traveler sees in all the rocky portions of the country, and some where no vines at all are now grown, rock-hewn wine-presses, which consist of two vats dug in the surface of the natural rock, one large and shallow, in which the grapes were trodden by the naked feet of men, and the other, smaller and deeper, and lower down the slope, into which the juice was driven from the crushed berries above; and when he sees at Bethlehem still standing some of the small stone towers for the use of watchmen who guarded the vineyards while the grapes were ripening, all is explained, and the scriptures are seen surprisingly true to the peculiarities of the country.

The lecturer also referred to many other small points, such as the "steep place," where the swine ran cowinto the sea; the place where Goliah and little David had their combat, etc.

In closing Professor McGarvey quoted from Replans, the wonderful harmony of the evangelicaded, with the landscape which served as its setting, were to me a revelation. I had before my eyes a fifth gospel, torn but legible, and thenceforth through the narrations of Matthew and Mark, instead of an allotrious being which one should say had never existed, I saw a human form live and move."

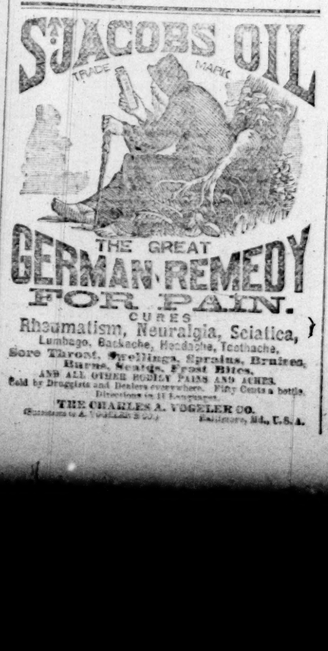
Professor McGarvey and wife left yesterday p. m. for their home in Lexington, Ky.

Sickness and Death in Lexington.

LEXINGTON, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—Died, at his father's, Peter B. Boughn, last Saturday afternoon, John Boughn, aged 26 years. John was a model young man. He had been carrying the mail between this place and Crawford for the last two years, and was always obliging and faithful. He was buried in the family burying ground last Sunday evening.

W. A. Ballmer is dangerously sick at his home on Crawford street.

Mrs. Hamp McWhorter had a severe chill last Sunday evening.



TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure CONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST:

Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.

DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.

ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,

The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known.

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems

For Light, Healthy Bread. The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

RHEUMATISM.

Although a practitioner o nearly twenty years, my mother influenced me to procure B. B. B. for her. She had been confined to her bed several months with Rheumatism which had stubbornly resisted all the usual remedies. Within twenty-four hours after commencing B. B. B. I observed marked relief. She has just commenced her third bottle and is nearly as active as ever, and has been in the front yard with "brake in hand," cleaning up. Her improvement is truly wonderful and immensely gratifying.

C. H. MONTGOMERY, M. D.,
Jacksonville, Ala., June 6, 1884.

KIDNEY TROUBLE

For over six years I have been a terrible sufferer from a troublesome kidney complaint, for the relief of which I have spent over $250 without benefit; the most noted so-called remedies, proving failures. The use of one single bottle of B. B. B. has been marvelous, giving more relief than all other treatment combined. It is a quick cure, while others, if they cure at all, are in the distant future.

C. H. ROBERTS, Atlanta Water Works.

Scrofula.

Dr. L. A. Guild, of Atlanta, who owns a large nursery and vineyard, has a lad on his place who was cured of a stubborn case of Scrofula, with one single bottle of B. B. B. Write to him about the case.

Frank Joseph, 245 Jones street, Atlanta, has a son who had a sloughing, scrofulous ulcer of the neck, and had lost his hair and eye sight, finding no relief. One bottle of B. B. B. healed the ulcer, eradicated the poison from his blood, restored his eyesight, and placed him on the road to health.

A book filled with wonderful proof from the best class of citizens, and recommendations from the leading Drug Trade of Atlanta, mailed free to any address. B. B. B. only a year old and is working wonders. Large bottles $1.00 or six for $5.00. Sold by Druggists. Expressed on receipt of price.

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

daw next rd mat

Out of the Jaws of Death

The gentleman who outlines his case below is a man considerably advanced in life, and is noted for his sterling integrity. His postoffice is Yatesville, Upson county, Ga. The following is

Mr. John Pearson's Statement.

In the spring of 1882 I was attacked with a very bad cough, which continued to grow worse until fall, when I got so weak that I could not get about. I tried a great many kinds of medicine, but continued to grow worse. I was notified that I had consumption, and would probably die. Dr. Holloway finally told me to try Brewer's Lung Restorer. They sent to Ward's store and got a bottle, and I commenced taking it right away. After taking two or three doses I began to improve, and by the time I had used up one bottle I was able to get on my feet again. I am now in excellent health. I am confident that the Lung Restorer saved my life, and my neighbors are of the same opinion. It is the best Lung Remedy ever made, in my opinion. Dr. H. promised me that he would write to the manufacturers and tell them of the wonderful cure it made in my case.

Statement of Mr. Benj. F. Hearndon.

Early in November, 1881, while sewing on the machine, my wife was taken with a severe pain in her side, which was soon followed by hemorrhages from her lungs and a severe cough. Fever commenced; she could neither eat or sleep, and in a few weeks she was reduced to a living skeleton. The attending physician told me that he thought one of her lungs was entirely gone. She could not retain the most delicate nourishment on her stomach. I then agreed with Dr. Sullivan, my family physician, to call Dr. Holloway in consultation. They made a final examination of the patient and pronounced the case hopeless. Dr. Holloway then suggested the Brewer's Lung Restorer as a last resort. I sent for a bottle and gave her a dose. I found that she could retain it on her stomach, and after about the third dose I began to notice some improvement in her condition. I continued the medicine regularly, and by the time she had taken two bottles she was able to walk about the house. She is now in better health than she has enjoyed for several years. I believe the Lung Restorer saved her life. We have a family of six children, and some of them grown.

Mr. Hearndon's postoffice is Yatesville, Upson county, Ga. He is a thoroughly reliable man in every particular.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,
MACON, GEORGIA.

The "SOLAR TIP" is the best SHOE for boys & girls. So popular that MANY IMITATIONS ARE MADE

New names are springing up every day, such as Sole Leather Tip, etc., and many who think they are getting the genuine "SOLAR TIP," get only an IMITATION

See that our Trade Mark is on the sole of each pair and that our name is printed in full on it.

John Mundell & Co.

Central, Southwestern & Montgomery & Eufaula Railroads

All trains of this system are run by Central or (90th Meridian time.)

SAVANNAH, GA., Sept. 21, 1884.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, SEPT. 21, 1884, PASSENGER trains on these roads will run as follows:

GOING READ DOWN.

C. R. R.—Main Line Savannah and Atlanta Divisions.	No. 15† Acc.	No. 53* Pass'ger.	No. 61* Pass'ger.
Savannah.....Lv	5 40 pm	8 45 pm	10 00 am
Oliver.....Ar	7 27 pm	10 25 pm	11 50 am
Millen.....Ar		10 54 pm	12 18 pm
Millen.....Lv		11 06 pm	1 35 pm
Twiggsboro.....Ar		1 47 am	3 59 pm
Gordon.....Ar	No. 1*	2 50 am	5 22 pm
Macon.....Ar	Pass'ger.	4 45 am	6 55 pm
Macon.....Lv	8 20 am	4 60 am	7 00 pm
Barnesville.....Ar	10 03 am	5 36 am	8 03 pm
Griffin.....Ar	10 40 am	6 08 am	8 33 pm
Atlanta.....Ar	12 25 am	7 40 am	11 25 pm
C. R. R.—Augusta Branch.	No. 21† Acc.	No. 19* Pass'ger.	No. 17* Pass'ger.
Millen.....Lv	3 55 am	3 40 am	1 28 pm
Augusta.....Ar	7 50 am	7 00 am	4 30 pm
Milledgeville and Eatonton Branch.			No. 21† Pass'ger.
Gordon.....Lv			9 10 am
Milledgeville.....Ar			10 29 am
Eatonton.....Ar			12 30 pm
UPSON COUNTY RAILROAD.		No. 35† Pass'enger	No. 33† Pass'enger
Barnesville.....Lv		5 40 pm	9 20 am
Thomaston.....Ar		7 29 pm	11 00 am
S. G. & N. A. RAILROAD.			No.—† Pass'enger
Griffin.....Lv			1 00 pm
Newnan.....Ar			2 45 pm
Carrollton.....Ar			6 00 pm
W. & M. & E. RY —MAIN LINE.		No. 9.* Acc.	No. 1.* Pass'enger
Macon.....Lv			10 20 am
Fort Valley.....Ar			11 50 am
Smithville.....Lv			2 10 pm
Smithville.....Ar			2 35 pm
Cuthbert.....Ar			4 05 pm
Eufaula.....Ar			5 17 pm
Eufaula.....Lv		4 00 am	5 30 pm
Union Springs.....Ar		6 56 am	6 55 pm
Union Springs.....Lv		9 45 am	6 53 pm
Montgomery.....Ar		9 15 am	8 31 pm
S. W. R. R. ALBANY LINE.		No. 25* Pass'enger	No. 36* Pass'enger
Fort Valley.....Lv			7 15 pm
Fort Valley.....Ar			8 22 pm
Smithville.....Ar			8 22 pm
Smithville.....Lv			10 20 pm
Albany.....Ar		4 00 pm	11 30 pm
S. W. R. R.—PERRY BRANCH.		No. 23† Pass'enger	No. 21† Pass'enger
Fort Valley.....Lv		3 25 pm	9 45 am
Perry.....Ar		9 20 pm	10 30 am
S. W. R. R.—BLAKLY EXTENSION.			No. 24† Pass'enger
Albany.....Lv			4 20 pm
Blakely.....Ar			8 12 pm
S. W. R. R.—GAINES BRANCH			No. 31† Pass'ger.
Cuthbert.....Lv			4 20 pm
Fort Gaines.....Ar			5 38 pm
EUFAULA & CLAYTON RAILROAD.			No. 33† Pass'ger.
Eufaula.....Lv			5 40 pm
Clayton.....Ar			7 02

THE RAILROADS.

THE HEADLIGHTS RUNNING INTO ATLANTA.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia—The Extension of the Dodge Railroad—Southern Railway and Steamship Association—The Mississippi Valley—General Notes

The track of the Florida Southern railroad is being laid to Lake Griffin.

The work of arching tunnel No. 9, on the Cincinnati Southern road, is nearly completed.

Regular trains are now running between Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans. The time from Memphis to New Orleans is twenty hours and a half.

Mr. J. J. Griffin, the general freight agent of the Atlanta division of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, has gone to Rome on business for his line.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Louisville and Wadley railroad, at the courthouse in Louisville, at twelve o'clock, October 15th, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year.

Sheriff Moseley, of Leon county, has levied upon and will sell for taxes, on the first Monday in next month, all the engines, coaches, cars, etc., on the Florida Central railroad. The taxes amount to a little over $70,000.

Very low rates are to be offered from all parts of the country to the New Orleans exposition. The round trip rate from Atlanta will be only $14.75. Tickets will be put on sale about December first, and will be good for at least 15 days; probably for 30 days.

The change of the schedules of the Rome reconnection and the Marietta accommodation trains will be noted in the new schedule of the Western and Atlantic railroad. The Rome train leaves at 3:45, p. m., instead of at 4:45. The Marietta accommodation leaves at 5:10, instead of 5:30 p. m.

One of the results of the completion of the Western North Carolina railroad was seen at Salisbury recently, when a special train of live stock arrived from Tennessee en route north. The train was made up entirely of live stock cars, and at Salisbury it was shifted to the North Carolina track and carried on north without a "change of cars." This is a new thing in the railroad line in this state, but is only one result of the opening up of the western country by the Western North Carolina railroad.

The Georgia Pacific Telegraph Company.

The management of the Georgia Pacific railroad has completed its arrangements for a systematic telegraphic service. The line has been used for the business of the road since its construction began, but it is now open for public business. There are telegraph offices at all the stations and messages are taken at very reasonable rates. It is the intention of the management to control the telegraph business along its line.

The Order Not Enforced.

BALTIMORE, October 13.—The order of the Pennsylvania railroad company, cutting off the Baltimore and Ohio road between this city and New York, which was to have taken effect on and after the 12th inst., was not enforced yesterday, and the Baltimore and Ohio trains were taken as usual. The impression here is that the Pennsylvania road will await the decision of the courts in the injunction case before taking further action.

Southern Railway and Steamship Association.

To-morrow the annual convention of the Southern Railway and Steamship association will be held at the rooms of the pool in Atlanta. Representatives of the various lines interested are expected. The election of officers for the ensuing year will be had. There will be a considerable amount of routine business, but a harmonious meeting is anticipated. Since the wars which were experienced last spring the pool has been moving along quite smoothly.

To Go West Also.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—T. J. Barnard, soliciting freight agent of the Port Royal road, resigns to-morrow to go to Memphis and accept the same position under General Freight and Passenger Agent J. S. Bryant, of the Louisville, New Orleans and Texas railroad, who recently resigned the same office on the Port Royal to go west. Mr. Barnard has made himself popular with everybody in Augusta, and especially with the business men in the state, and his departure will be a heavy loss to the road. He goes to Memphis on a largely increased salary.

Railroad Litigation in Augusta.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 13.—[Special.]—The case of the Port Royal railway vs. the city council of Augusta, claiming the right to connect with its branch line the Augusta and Knoxville, through the streets, against the wish of the mayor and the street railroad, was argued to-day before Judge Roney, but wasn't finished. The case is important, because the street railroad claims the right of way on the streets, and the Port Royal claims the right of connecting its lines under the general state law.

The Extension of the Dodge Railroad.

A large number of the prominent citizens of Dodge and Telfair counties assembled at Temperance October 2. The object of the meeting was to enlist the co-operation of the people of the section in the proposed extension of the Dodge railroad to some point connecting with the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. A general interchange of opinion was indulged, in which it was developed that it was proposed by the Georgia land and lumber company to extend their road so as to intersect with the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad at either Chauncey or McRae, in the event they were encouraged by the citizens along the proposed line. The following resolution was offered and adopted: Resolved, that we favor the project and invite the Georgia land and lumber company to extend their road from Wheeler lake to Chauncey, for the inducements of which we offer the right of way from the lake to Chauncey, including right-of-way through Chauncey, as also our patronage in matter of passenger and freight transportation, etc.

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY ROAD.

Captain John Grant's Retirement as Chief Engineer—Prospects of the Road.

The New Orleans Times-Democrat in referring to the rumor that Captain John Grant, who is so well known in Atlanta, will resign his position as chief engineer of the Mississippi Valley railroad says:

It was reported on the streets yesterday that Captain John Grant had resigned his position as chief engineer of the Mississippi Valley road, and in order to ascertain some definite information concerning the matter, the Racket reporter called on Captain Grant at his office. He stated to the reporter that he had not tendered his resignation, but as soon as his work was turned over to the company, he would retire from the road. There is, however, enough of work on hand to require his attention for the next three months.

Captain Grant returned yesterday from an inspection of certain levees between this city and Baton Rouge, and he says that the planters along the river have cheerfully offered to assist the roads in repairing the levees in order to have them in condition to stand the winter floods.

He thinks that the road, assisted by the planters, will raise sufficient money to put the levees in good shape. It is his intention to expend the greater portion of the money on the large and dangerous levees which, if they should break, would be difficult to close, and to take the risk on the small levees, which can be easily and speedily handled should a crevasse occur. Captain Grant is of the opinion that if the railroad companies and the planters will share together the expense of maintaining the levees, that in the course of a few years the whole line of embankment from here to Baton Rouge will be stronger and better able to stand the encroachments of the floods than it has been in the history of the state.

DURKEE'S SALAD DRESSING & COLD MEAT SAUCE is made from the freshest, purest, and choicest condiments obtainable. In using it, waste, labor, anxiety, and disappointment are prevented.

The South Carolina college has opened with 150 students.

Floral Incance.

The perfume of flowers is agreeable and soothing to the most fastidious, and in the genuine Murray and Lanman Florida Water this floral fragrance is concentrated in all its freshness and purity. The health giving qualities of this superior preparation are among its most notable features, it being invaluable as an allevintor of nervous headache, dizziness, etc. To distinguish the genuine article from its imitations look out the "Trade Mark," a narrow white strip label bearing the fac-similie signature of Lanman & Kemp, New York, sole proprietors.

The Charity hospital at New Orleans had 591 inmates on the 1st instant. Males 365, females 226.

'Tis the first spring mosquito
Heard humming alone,
His thirsty companions
Will all be here soon.
Try then St. Jacobs Oil
You'll find it a boon!

Seven ladies are admitted to the Agricultural and Mechanical school at Starkville, Miss.

Be Careful.

Ask for Wells's "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

Heavy rains are reported in the Upper Mississippi river.

CINCINNATI, O., April 14, 1884.—S. B. SMITH & BRO., Covington, Ky.—Esteemed Sirs: I have been troubled with a serious kidney affection, and seeing your advertisement, concluded to try a bottle of your May Flower, though without much hope of being benefitted by it. The first bottle worked splendidly, and persevering with its use, I am entirely relieved of my painful illness. Any one can write to me and I will reiterate what is here written.
MRS. E. WITHER,
Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, O.

Blandon, Miss., is to have a Catholic church.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE,
Valuable in Indigestion.

DR. DANIEL T. NELSON, Chicago, says: "I find it a pleasant and valuable remedy in indigestion, particularly in overworked men."

There are in Florida 1479 public school attended by 43,295 children.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE.
Has Received Universal Indorsement.

No other preparation possesses such remarkable properties for embellishing and strengthening the hair and rendering it dark and glossy. It cures baldness and eradicates dandruff.
Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are the best.

The outlook for the orange crop in Florida this year is splendid.

All Weakness of Genital Organs, Sexual impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ehlert's Restorative Pills. Bottles 50 Pills $1.25, 100 pills $2.00, 200 pills $3.50, 460 pills $6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Fryor and Decatur streets, Atlanta. Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.

Mr. Henry Howie, of Monroe, North Carolina, has a hog, mixture of Berkshire and Poland China, that is 6½ feet long, 6 feet around, 3 feet high and weighs between 700 and 800.

YOUNG MEN—READ THIS.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich. offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed: No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

The ponds and streams through the prairie country south and west of Selma, Alabama, have run dry. Cattle suffer for water and are driven 10 miles to quench their thirst.

THOMPSON BROS.

THE FIRM OF ANGIER & THOMPSON HAVING been dissolved on the first day September, we have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the

INSURANCE BUSINESS

under the old firm name of THOMPSON BROS., and respectfully solicit business.
JOSEPH THOMPSON, JR.
EDGAR THOMPSON.

No. 31½ Peachtree Street.

TELEPHONE No. 72.

The following first-class Companies represented:
Northern Assurance Co. of Aberdeen & London
Factors & Traders Ins. Co., of New Orleans.
New York Life Ins. Co., of New York.

WINTER FIRES.

YOUR PROPERTY SHOULD BE INSURED Before the winter fires come and it is too late. When insurance is wanted do not fail to call at the office of the

Atlanta Home,

13½ Broad street, before going elsewhere. This company is making reputation for conservatism and promptness.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF ALL TRAINS

At Union Depot, Atlanta, Ga.

All time given here is Atlanta city time.

DESTINATION.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
WESTERN & ATLANTIC R.R.		
Chattanooga and West	8 00 a m	1 25 p m
Chattanooga and Rome and West	3 00 p m	8 40 p m
Kingston and Rome accom'n	3 45 p m	11 45 a m
Marietta accommodation	5 40 p m	8 10 a m
Chattanooga and West	11 40 p m	3 40 a m
RICHMOND & DANVILLE R.R.		
Charlotte and North and East	7 40 a m	10 30 p m
Charlotte and North and East	3 40 p m	12.00noon
Gainesville accommodation	5 15 p m	8 20 a m
CENTRAL RAILROAD.		
Macon and Southwest Ga	4 00 a m	11 20 p m
Macon and Albany	2 50 p m	12 25 p m
Hortensville accommodation	5 00 p m	8 10 a m
Macon and Savannah	7 25 p m	7 40 a m
GEORGIA RAILROAD.		
Augusta	8 25 a m	5 45 p m
Clarkston accommodation	1 30 p m	3 35 p m
Augusta and Charleston	2 45 p m	1 00 p m
Decatur accommodation	9 40 a m	10 50 a m
Covington accommodation	6 10 p m	8 00 a m
Augusta and Charleston	8 50 p m	6 40 a m
ATLANTA & WEST POINT R.R.		
Montgomery, South and West	2 00 p m	2 40 p m
LaGrange accommodation	4 30 p m	8 45 a m
Montgomery and South	11 30 p m	3 45 a m
GEORGIA PACIFIC R.R.		
Birmingham, South and West	7.05 a m	8 00 p m
Birmingham	11 00 p m	6 45 a m
Tallapoosa Accommodation	5 10 p m	9 00 a m

DUCRO'S ALIMENTARY ELIXIR.

Its principle ingredient, *Pure Meat*, is scientifically formulated with medical remedies, giving it wonderfully stimulating properties, invigorating the vital forces without increasing the directive organs.

In FEBRILE, YELLOW and MALARIAL fevers, it is invaluable, having strength to overcome these malignant diseases. Highly recommended by leading Physicians of Pensacola as a tonic for Convalescents and Weak persons, and for Chronic Diseases. F. Fougera & Co., Agents, N. Y. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

TUTT'S PILLS

RAPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, AND MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Exertion of food, irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of remedies that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver and Malaria TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular bowels, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.

"I have had Dyspepsia with Constipation two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and TUTT'S are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have natural passages. I feel like a new man." D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, O.

Sold by druggists, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a glossy BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 44 Murray st., New York.

NOTE'S SAMPLE SENT ON RECEIPT OF FIVE CENTS IN STAMPS.

DR. CHEEVER'S ELECTRIC BELT FOR MEN ONLY

This BELT or Regulator is made especially for the cure of Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, and all the generality of ills that result therefrom. There is no mistake about this Belt being a genuine article, as thousands testify. Over 50,000 have been restored to health and strength by its use. Read our pamphlet with testimonials, which we send free, sealed, by mail. Call on or address DR. CHEEVER'S ELECTRIC BELT CO., 163 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

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Nervous Debility Quick permanent cure Book free. Civilde Agency, 106 Fulton St., N. Y.

DR. DEHAUT'S PURGATIVE PILLS.

THESE CELEBRATED PILLS have for 3 years been recommended by the leading Physicians of Paris as the BEST PURGATIVE known; full directions accompany them. The SIGNATURE "Dehaut" impressed on the bottom of each GENUINE BOX.
DEHAUT, 147 Rue du Faubourg St. Denis, Paris.

E. FOUGERA & CO., 30 North William Street, N. Y.

Legal Notice.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 3, ARTICLE 1 of the by-laws of the Capital City Land and Improvement company of Atlanta, Ga., I will cause to be sold in front of the courthouse on the first Tuesday in November, during the legal hours of sale the following described shares, Two monthly installments of one dollar on each share having been paid, the purchaser must pay subsequent installments, viz:

J. G. Andrews, ten shares.
James A. Gray, five shares.
Clifton Jones, ten shares.
Mrs. C. J. Wellmeister, twenty-five shares.
JACOB HAAS, Secretary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, OFFICE OF commissioners of roads and revenues, October 6th, 1884. The road commissioners to whom was referred the petition for a public road, commencing at the Boulevard, between Ponce de Leon branch and the crossing at the Air-Line railroad, and running easterly over the cut near said railroad to a point on the Johnson road a little south of where the Ponce de Leon road enters the Johnson road, having reported recommending the opening of said road. This is therefore to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, within the time prescribed by law the said road will be finally granted on the first Wednesday in November, 1884.

JOHN T. COOPER,
Clerk Commissioners of Roads and Revenues.
tu

HOLMES' SURE CURE MOUTH WASH and DENTIFRICE is an ideal Bible cure for Ulcerated Sore Throat, Bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth and Ulcers. Cleans the Teeth and keeps the Gums healthy. Cures Bad or Foul Breath. Prepared solely by Drs. J. P. & W. R. HOLMES, Dentists, 102 Mulberry Street, Macon, Georgia. For sale by all Druggists and Dentists.

THE BIGGEST SUCCESS OF THE AGE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, ETC. Emissions checked from first hour of use, by mechanical means. Extensively used in lunatic asylums and hospitals. Put up by U.S. government, now offered to sufferers with two cures in one month. Recommended by leading medical men and journals. No cure no pay. Blue book with opinions free. Address, G.S. Dispensary, St. Louis, Mo (Chartered under State Laws)

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GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

BAKER'S Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted *absolutely pure Cocoa*, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

AN EFFECTIVE CURE FOR

DRUNKENNESS OR, HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken Haines' Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they have given up drinking of their own free will. No publicity to the case, as no bad effects result from its administration. It purifies and enriches the blood, adds new life and vigor, makes the weak strong, the nervous well, and imparts a solid happiness; and incites to healthful action all the organs of digestion.

PREPARED BY THE
Golden Specific Co., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.

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MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER
Druggists,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

D. TYE & BRO.
Wholesale and Retail
BUTCHERS, PACKERS,
—AND—
Sausage Manufacturers.

At our old stand, 139 Whitehall, cor. Peters St.
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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. R. O. COTTER,
Eye, Ear and Throat Diseases.
Office 66 Marietta Street, Adjoining Capitol.

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Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Practices in all the Courts, State and Federal. Collections receive prompt and constant attention. Room 22, Gate City National Bank Building. ly

ATLANTA SURGICAL INFIRMARY,
For males and females, No. 107 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga., under the direction of
J. Mc. F. GASTON, M. D.,
with competent assistants, and trained nurses.
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DR. R. LOY,
PRAKTISCHER ARZT & GEBURTSHELFER gew. Assistent im St. Jacob's Hospital zu Leipzig.
Office: 22 Decatur street. Telephone 435.
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G. L. NORRMAN,
Architect,
Gate City Bank Building, charges the usual fee of 5 per cent for his professional services. Those contemplating this charge excessive can find a number of cheap architects in the city.

DR. W. A. COOK,
LATE OF THE NEW YORK HOSPITALS.
Practice limited to Skin Diseases, Cancers and Genito-Urinary troubles. Free consultations for the poor Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays from 12 to 1 o'clock p.m. Office 48½ Marietta street.

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BAYLOR & BAYLOR,
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Surveys made, estimates, plans and specifications furnished, and construction superintended for waterworks, bridges, canals, roads, railroads and all engineering works. Correspondence solicited.

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Will appear in causes in the State and U. S. Courts except where United States government is a party.
Office—Rooms United States Attorney, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

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Attorneys at Law,
Rome, Georgia.
Collections a Specialty.

FAY & EICHBERG,

ARCHITECTS.

19 SOUTH BROAD STREET,

ATLANTA, GA.

A SOUTHERN HOME IN A NORTHERN CITY

MRS. E. H. MAGILL, FORMERLY OF SAVANnah, Ga., has opened a commodious house with home comforts at 106 East 23d street, New York city, for the accommodation of families visiting the north. Eight lines of cars run within a block of the house. References: Mrs. Georgia McIntosh, Dr. J. C. Le Hardy, E. J. Thomas, Esq., Savannah, Ga.; Mrs. William Curtis, Pryor street Atlanta, Ga. MRS. E. H. MAGILL.

DISEASES OF THE BLADDER AND KIDNEYS have always been potent factors in the reaping of Death's harvest. No matter of what nature or how long standing these complaints may be, sure and speedy relief is offered in

Smith's Extract of Mayflower.

The many cures effected by this remedy have gained for it a world-wide popularity. None need suffer, save those who refuse to be relieved. If you would know just exactly what is meant by the term BRIGHT'S DISEASE, and how to cure it, inclose a two cent stamp with your address to
S. D. SMITH & BRO., Covington, Ky.

TO LEASE.

I WILL RECEIVE PROPOSALS TO LEASE MY springs, formerly known as Salt Springs, 13 miles from Atlanta, near the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Pacific railroads for a term of ten years or more, to include in said lease from thirty to fifty acres of land around the springs. The spring yields 4,000 gallons of water every twelve hours and is situated in the midst of a prosperous and picturesque country, and can be made one of the finest resorts in north Georgia, and is a very short ride from Atlanta. The water is the best Lithia water in the United States and has made many remarkable cures. I refer to Mr. Elias Holcombe, J. C. Harris and J. L. Robinson, of Atlanta, Ga. and to Dr. Mc Cranie, of Greensboro, Ga., and can give the names of hundreds of others who have been cured by the use of this water. The water has been carefully analyzed by Dr. Pratt, one of the best chemists in Georgia.

Dr. Pratt's analysis is as follows:

ATLANTA, Ga., October 30, 1883.—Analysis of the water of Bowden Lithia springs, Douglas county, Georgia. Property of Judge J. C. Bowden.

Specific gravity	1001
1,000,000 parts contain solid mineral	2566
Consisting of—	
Lime	73.1
Magnesia	74.0
Potash	15.2
Soda	883.4
Lithia	8.
Iron oxide alumin, strochia traces only.	
Chlorine	1197.0
Sulphuric acid	217.0
Silex acid (silex soluble)	64.
Carbolic acid (combined)	111.
Phosphoric acid	4.
Bromide with trace of iodine	20.

Note.—The unusual quantities of valuable medical constituents, viz. (bromide and iodine) lithia and magnesia deserve careful notice.

Respectfully, N. A. PRATT, Chemist.

Propositions for lease must be made in writing and submitted to me by the 15th of October next. They can be mailed to the address and sent to Salt Springs, Ga. I will be on the premises and will take pleasure in showing the springs to any person who wants to lease.

I reserve the right to select the bid that will pay me the best income for the springs, or to reject all the bids if I desire to do so.

J. C. BOWDEN,
Salt Springs, Ga.
6t eod

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAYING BARROOM SITUated on one of the principal streets of Atlanta. The purchaser need not buy the stock. The owner having two barrooms cannot give both proper attention. C. P. Johnson, 48 and 50 Decatur street. 3t

PERSONAL.

BUSSY, THE OLD HAT MAN IS THE PLACE to carry your old style hats and bonnets for repairs. Plumes cleaned, curled and dyed. 2½ Marietta street, up stairs. tue thu sat

WANTED—Rooms and Houses.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE suitable for light housekeeping, references given and required. "Earnest," care this office.

WANTED—Board.

WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN AND WIFE board in private family. Address W., Care Constitution.

LOST.

STRAYED—I HAVE TAKEN UP STRAY MULE. Owner can have same by applying to Dr. R. Roy. Telephone No. 435.

FOR RENT OR LEASE.

OFFICES AND ROOMS IN THE

New Constitution Building

IN SUITS OR SINGLE ROOMS.

HEAT AND ELECTRIC LIGHT FURNISHED WITH EACH ROOM.

AN ELEGANT OTIS PASSENGER ELEVATOR

Running constantly.

Diagrams of the building can be seen at The Constitution office. Parties applying now can have rooms arranged as desired.

W. A. HEMPHILL, Business Manager.

Atlanta Cotton Mills Supply Co.

Founders and Machinists.

Manufacturers of

LOOMS AND ALL KINDS OF HARD WOOD SUPPLIES. ORDERS SOLICITED FOR ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS AND MACHINE WORK.

Factory on W. & A. R. R., just outside of city limits. Office No. 11 East Alabama Street. tf

L. STEINAU,

DEALER IN

Hides, Furs, Shep-skins, Wool,

Tallow, Beeswax, Dried Fruit, Etc.

81 BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Correspondence solicited. No commission or drayage charged on goods consigned to me.

JUST RECEIVING.

—A CARGO OF FRESH—

English Portland CEMENT

DIRECT FROM

J. B. WHITE & BROS.

—THIS IS THE—

Best Imported Cement,

And is superior to any brand for Concrete, Artificial Stone, Pavements, etc.

Full Weight and Free From Damage.

For sale from track or store, by

A. P. TRIPOD.

13 S. BROAD STREET, ATLANTA GA.

O. A. SMITH

MANUFACTURER OF

Sulphuric Acid

66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,

AND OTHER CHEMICALS.

Office, 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga.

—ALSO.—

DISTILLER OF COAL TAR.

Manufacturer of

Roofing and Paving Materials,

Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts.

PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING

Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing.

ROOF COATINGS, VARNISH, Etc

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LEAKE & LYLE.....AUCTIONEERS

Administrator's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—WILL BE SOLD under an order of the court of ordinary, on the first Tuesday in November next, within the legal hours of sale, before the courthouse door of said county, forty acres, more or less, of land lot No. 14, of originally Fayette, now said county of Fulton, 14th district, in the southeast portion of said lot, bounded on the north by Hallman and Speir, west by Smith, south by J. C. Dollan and east by Howell. To be sold as the property of Sarah A. Smith, deceased, for payment of debts and distribution. The property will be subdivided and platted. Terms one-half cash, balance at 12 months, 8 per cent interest from date. Bond for titles to purchaser. Plats can be seen at ordinary's office and on the premises and at Leak & Lyle's office. W. W. ENGLAND, Administrator.

50 Candle Power Kerosene Lamps

Each one equals four gas jets. One lamp will brilliantly light a room 20 feet square, so that reading and sewing can be done in the farthest corner. For Stores, Shops, Dwellings, Halls and Churches, it is beyond comparison

The Best Light In The World.

Good live Agents wanted everywhere. For Circulars and information address,

The ALBA LIGHT CO.,
Sole Manufacturers
122 Main Street, CINCINNATI, O.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED RUNNING FEET good picket fence. To be removed immediately. Aaron Haas, 36 Alabama street.

FULL SET OF CARRIAGE MAKERS' AND blacksmiths tools and outfit, also a large quantity of carriage material, plated bodies, etc., at Finney's old stand, Marietta corner Foundry street. The shop is for rent. Good chance for anyone just starting business. R. H. Knapp, 8 East Alabama street.

THE "COMET" QUILTING FRAME AN ATtachment for the sewing machine, with which any one can stitch a quilt as handsomely and complete in one hour. The best invention. No competition. Active canvassers can sell quicker by one-half of the country people who have machines. Secure county and state rights at once of Stanton & Humphreys, sole owners, Seneca S. C. Lock Box 120. wesu

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A SMALL SECOND HAND COMbination lock, fire and burglar proof safe; address, W. J. C., this office.

WANTED—LODGING NEAR ALABAMA ST. Don't object to a genteel as room mate. Address at once, stating price this office.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—A GOOD TAILOR CAN SECURE permanent employment by applying to M. A. Turner, West Point, Ga.

WANTED—WE DESIRE TO ESTABLISH A general agency in Atlanta or vicinity, to control the sale of a staple article of daily consumption. Any energetic man with small capital may secure a permanent and profitable business. For parties has address Greenwich Manufacturing Co., 47 Vesey St., N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Females.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO take nice, light, pleasant work at their own homes; distance no object; work sent by mail. $2 to $5 a day can be made by the industrious. Please address at once, Globe Manufacturing Company, Boston, Mass. box 5341.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN IN city or country to take work at their own homes; $2 to $5 a day can be made; work sent by mail; no canvassing. We have good demand for our work and furnish steady employment. Address, with stamp, Crown Manufacturing Co., 20 Race street, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN—IN CITY or country, to take work at their own homes; $2 to $5 a day easily made; work sent by mail; no canvassing; work good and pleasant and will pay from $2 to $5 a day; no stamps for reply. Please address Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—A WHITE GIRL TO COOK FOR A WOMAN who understands general housework and will live in middle Georgia. Address, 135 Decatur street, Atlanta.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Males.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN—A POSITION as either salesman in dry goods or clothing house, in store or office; first class references given if required. For further particulars address J. E. B., this office.

WANTED SITUATIONS—Female.

WANTED—BY AN OBLIGING GIRL, A POsition in a good family to do general housework or nurse. Call on Walton st.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

PARTIES WISHING GOOD BOARD WILL DO well to consult this column. tf

GOOD BOARDING HOUSE KEEPERS CAN keep their houses full by advertising in our ten cent column.

PERSONS VISITING NEW YORK AND DESIRing pleasant rooms and good location can be accommodated. References given and required. 119 West 23d st.

BOARDING—PLEASANT COMMUNICATING Rooms, suitable for young men or a married couple; also table board, at 53 Capitol avenue.

AN ELEGANT SUIT OF ROOMS ON FIRST floor furnished, with board, in elegant new furnished, large and pleasant second floor, Davis House, 138 and 142 Whitehall street.

BOARD—PARTIES DESIRING FRONT ROOM in fine location with first class table and family on Peachtree street, this office.

FOR RENT—Houses, Stores, Etc.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE FURNISHED HOUSE on broad family to parties. Address W., Constitution office.

FOR RENT—NEW 5 ROOM HOUSE, WITH water, on Sutton, near Whitehall. Apply to Enoch Hines, No. 8.

FOR RENT—ONE FOUR ROOM HOUSE NO. 39 on East Baker street, with kitchen, etc. Apply to Selple & Soyls, 8 1

FOR RENT—A TWO STORY BRICK AND BASEMENT brick dwelling, 16 rooms, suitable for transient boarding. Apply at office of Atlanta Home Insurance company.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED conveniences; 1877 Peachtree; 6 rooms; $70. J. H. Porter, 8 Decatur street.

FOR RENT—ONE HALF OF R. E. KNAPP'S PARK Hill, East Peters st., 5 rooms, $15; one-half on Peters st., 6 rooms, $20; one-half on Whitehall st., car. Whitehall and Peters sts., 7 rooms, $25; 70 Washington st., 6 rooms, $20; 49 Smith st., 6 rooms, $20; 39 Smith st., 5 rooms, furnished, $25; 40 Pelham st., 6 rooms, $20; 36 Pelham st., 6 rooms, $20; 38 Smith st., new store, 2 rooms, $10; 25 Hood st., 6 rooms, $18.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM HOUSE AT A DOUBLE tenement house, arranged for two small families, with every convenience; rent low, $12.50 per month. Apply 5 Marietta street.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

HOTEL FOR RENT—THE CLARENDON HOUSE, 22 rooms, opposite Union depot, Macon, Ga. G. G. Walker, Proprietor.

FOR RENT—TWO NICE STOREROOMS, also rooms up stairs, No. 9 and 11 North Broad; apply to Dr. Marvin. tf

FOR RENT—STORE NOW OCCUPIED BY JOHNson & Caverly on Alabama street between City bank and Atlanta National bank. Possession October 1st. Apply to Marvin Gate. tf

FOR RENT—ONE BRICK STORE HOUSE, 246 Marietta street 40x100, with railroad facilities. Apply to Selple & Soyls. div.

FOR RENT—WE WILL HAVE AND GIVE possession on the first of January, 1885, two or three store houses in our building on corner Pryor and

adjoining Mays and Kicklighter. Levied on as the property of T J Harper, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Harper, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 54, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 1 acre, more or less, on Ivy and Anderson streets; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hardwick and Anderson. Levied on as the property of Dr H V Hardwick, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hardwick for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 52, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 90x190 feet, more or less, on Ivy street, No 57; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Dunlap and Dunlap. Levied on as the property of T C Harrison to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Harrison for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 53, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Marietta street, No 107; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Trendwell and Hathaway. Levied on as the property of Mrs J Harris, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Harris for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 54, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 28x125 feet, more or less, on Hunnicutt street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hunnicutt. Levied on as the property of Dr J F Hammond to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hammond for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 79, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Ivy street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Ivy. Levied on as the property of Harris, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Harris, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 5, land lot 75, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 100x150 feet, more or less, on Linden street, No 102; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Linden and Hillyer. Levied on as the property of M P Hall, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hall for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 70, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 283x218 feet, more or less, on Linden and Venable street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Linden and Venable. Levied on as the property of Mrs Harris, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Harris, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x120 feet, more or less, on Cain street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining W A Martin. Levied on as the property of Mrs C A Howard, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city Atlanta against said Howard for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 83, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x160 feet, more or less, on Forrest street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Haskell and Murphy. Levied on as the property of D P Hall to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hill, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Glenn street, No. 245; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Howell, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Howell for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 86, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Glenn street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Howell, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Howell for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 75, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Whitehall street, No. 73; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Dodd, and McArthur and Hammond. Levied on as the property of Mrs Howell to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Howell, trustee, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 76, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 1-16 acre, more or less, on King street, No. 107; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Turner and alley. Levied on as the property of Henry Isaacs, colored, to satisfy a tax fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Isaacs for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 54x117 feet more or less, on Ira street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Browning and McKenzie. Levied on as the property of Minerva Jackson, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jackson for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 86, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 30x200 feet, more or less, on Glenn street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta Georgia. Levied on as the property of G. W. Jack, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jack for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 109, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 60x100 feet, more or less, on Vine street, No. 30; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Phillips and Fields. Levied on as the property of Rosebow Jackson, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jackson for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 109, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 60x100 feet, more or less, on Kennesaw alley; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Evans. Levied on as the property of Mrs A A Jackson, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jackson for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x165 feet, more or less, on Chapel street, No. 5; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Trendwell and an alley. Levied on as the property of R P Jackson, estate, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jackson, estate for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅝ acre, more or less, on Richardson street, No 214; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hunnicutt and Hardaway. Levied on as the property of Miss Alice Jennings to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jennings for city tax for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 76, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, containing 100x140 feet, more or less, on Richardson street; the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Ga, adjoining Kelly and White. Levied on as the property of Jennings & Smith to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jennings & Smith, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, containing 25x100 feet, more or less, on Wheat street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga, adjoining Defoor and Crawford. Levied on as the property of Taylor Jenkins, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jenkins, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 79, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Plum street, No. 5; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Mason and McKeely. Levied on as the property of R H Jenkins to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jenkins for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 109, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, containing 60x100 feet, more or less, on Markham and Walnut streets, No. 12; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Jennings, col., to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jennings for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x160 feet, more or less, on Richmond and Connally streets, No 32; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Jennings, Smith and Hughes. Levied on as the property of Mrs Jane Kennedy, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Kennedy for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acres, more or less, on Cain street, No 106; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Day and Pillsbury. Levied on as the property of Mrs Mary E Jones to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jones for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 80, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 102x205 feet, more or less, on Elliott and Simpson streets, No 11; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Dean. Levied on as the property of John W Johnston, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Johnston for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 111, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 20x60 acres, more or less, on Neal street; the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, bought of John Fergue. Levied on as the property of Mrs Kinnebrew, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Kinnebrew for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre more or less, on Walton street, No. 135; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Cox and Simmons. Levied on as the property of Mrs Mary E Nelms to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Knight for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Hunnicutt street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga, adjoining Defoor and Crawford. Levied on as the property of Dr J H Low to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Low for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Tatnall street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Pullin and Tucker. Levied on as the property of Dock Love, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Love for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 109, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, containing 80x165 feet, more or less, on Kennesaw alley; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga—four houses. Levied on as the property of George W Hunter to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Lowe, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x160 feet, more or less, on Chapel street, No. 3; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining Middlebrooks and Watson. Levied on as the property of T J Lowe to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Lowe, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 92x210 feet more or less, on Hunnicutt street, Nos. 45, 47; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining court house and Langston & Crane. Levied on as the property of Mrs. James Lechroy to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Lechroy for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 25x160 feet more or less, on Baker street, No. 15; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Phelan and Smith. Levied on as the property of J G Jones, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jones, trustee, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 41, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 5 acres, more or less, on Peachtree road; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Jas. R Wylie. Levied on as the property of Mrs Jo Handy to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Handy for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 86, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Glenn street, No. 243; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Howell, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Howell for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Glenn street, No. 249; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Howell, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Howell for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Hunnicutt street, No. 221; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Dr J F Hammond to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hammond for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 75, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Linden street, No 102; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Linden and Hillyer. Levied on as the property of M P Hall, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hall for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 70, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 283x218 feet, more or less, on Linden and Venable street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Linden and Venable. Levied on as the property of Mrs Harris, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Harris, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x160 feet, more or less, on Baker street, No. 15; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Phelan and Smith. Levied on as the property of J G Jones, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jones, trustee, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 41, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 5 acres, more or less, on Peachtree road; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Jas. R Wylie. Levied on as the property of Mrs Jo Handy to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Handy for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 86, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 30x200 feet, more or less, on Glenn street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta Georgia. Levied on as the property of G. W. Jack, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jack for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 109, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 60x100 feet, more or less, on Vine street, No. 30; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Phillips and Fields. Levied on as the property of Rosebow Jackson, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jackson for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 109, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 60x100 feet, more or less, on Kennesaw alley; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Evans. Levied on as the property of Mrs A A Jackson, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jackson for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x165 feet, more or less, on Chapel street, No. 5; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Trendwell and an alley. Levied on as the property of R P Jackson, estate, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jackson, estate for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅝ acre, more or less, on Richardson street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hunnicutt and Hardaway. Levied on as the property of Miss Alice Jennings to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jennings for city tax for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 76, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, containing 100x140 feet, more or less, on Richardson street; the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Ga, adjoining Kelly and White. Levied on as the property of Jennings & Smith to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jennings & Smith, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, containing 25x100 feet, more or less, on Wheat street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga, adjoining Defoor and Crawford. Levied on as the property of Taylor Jenkins, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jenkins, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Plum street, No. 5; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Mason and McKeely. Levied on as the property of R H Jenkins to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jenkins for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 109, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, containing 60x100 feet, more or less, on Markham and Walnut streets, No. 12; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Jennings, col., to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jennings for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, containing 50x160 feet, more or less, on Richmond and Connally streets, No 32; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Jennings, Smith and Hughes. Levied on as the property of Mrs Jane Kennedy, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Kennedy for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acres, more or less, on Cain street, No 106; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Day and Pillsbury. Levied on as the property of Mrs Mary E Jones to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jones for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 80, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 102x205 feet, more or less, on Elliott and Simpson streets, No 11; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Dean. Levied on as the property of John W Johnston, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Johnston for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 111, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 20x60 acres, more or less, on Neal street; the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, bought of John Fergue. Levied on as the property of Mrs Kinnebrew, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Kinnebrew for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre more or less, on Walton street, No. 135; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Cox and Simmons. Levied on as the property of Mrs Mary E Nelms to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Knight for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 1-16 acre, more or less, on King street, No. 107; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Turner and alley. Levied on as the property of Henry Isaacs, colored, to satisfy a tax fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Isaacs for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 54x117 feet more or less, on Ira street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Browning and McKenzie. Levied on as the property of Minerva Jackson, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jackson

city of Atlanta against said Sargent, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Bailey street, No 25; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Camp and Anderson. Levied on as the property of Mrs Fannie L Salter, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Salter, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 49, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 120x75 feet, more or less, on Peachtree and Third streets; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Fuller and Binning. Levied on as the property of Dr. S. P. as for's estate to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Salter, estate for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 49, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 80x80 feet, more or less, on Spring and Mills streets; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hudgens and Gooding. Levied on as the property of Peter schaefer to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Schaefer for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Butler street. No 192; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Howard and Walton. Levied on as the property of Rich Frances scott to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against the said scott for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 110, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 78x172 feet, more or less, on Vine street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Shilp. Levied on as the property of August Schultze to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Schultze for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 84, originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga., containing 50x200 feet, more or less, on Whitehall street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining Fuller and Lester. Levied on as the property of Julius A. Scott to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Scott, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 83, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x100 feet, more or less, on Forsythe street, No 25; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Dunlap and Sanford. Levied on as the property of Joe Short to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Short for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 83, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x100 feet, more or less, on Wells street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Gathright and Banting. Levied on as the property of J. P. Shackelford to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Shackelford for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 46, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 61x165 feet, more or less, on Decatur and Youngue street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Davis and White. Levied on as the property of A. G. Shelton, agent, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x200 feet, more or less, on Walker and Larkin street; the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining an alley and Stephens. Levied on as the property of Peter schneider to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Schneider for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x72 feet, more or less, on Butler street, No. 147; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Dodge and Latham. Levied on as the property of Antoinette Strickland to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Strickland, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Butler street, No 147; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Howard and Walton. Levied on as the property of Rich Frances scott to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against the said scott for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 110, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 78x172 feet, more or less, on Vine street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Shilp. Levied on as the property of August Schultze to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Schultze for city taxes for the year 1884.

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Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x72 feet, more or less, on Forsythe street, No. 25; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Camp and Anderson. Levied on as the property of Mrs Fannie L Salter, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Salter, for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 49, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 120x75 feet, more or less, on Peachtree and Third streets; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Fuller and Binning. Levied on as the property of Dr. S. P. as for's estate to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Salter, estate for city taxes for the year 1884.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 49, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 80x80 feet, more or less, on Spring and Mills streets; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hudgens and Gooding. Levied on as the property of Peter schneider to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Schneider for city taxes for the year 1884.

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will only be sold at a positive reduc-
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TO MAKE A SELECTION.
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Hats for.....$2.50
Hats for.....$3.50
Hats for.....$4.50
Hats for.....$5.00
Y UP TO $25.00.
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UNTRIMMED STRAW GOODS.
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and which will be sold very low.
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They are well worthy of an examina-
An immense stock of
LADIES' CLOAKS
In all the fashionable styles.
CIRCULARS,
ULSTERS, JACKETS, Etc., Etc.
than they can be bought in the city.
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manufactured goods VERY CHEAP,
MARIETTA ST.
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in splendid open bottom, remainder in
wood and upland. I now offer for sale,
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Value renders its purchase a valuable in-
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SMITH'S
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EMINENT MERCHANT JUST FROM NEW
is stopped in at our store during last week
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on Broadway at 19 cents, and the pe-
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GEORGIA SUIT CO.
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nest! Best!
ARCADIA
ELVETEEN!
VELVETEEN!
VELVETEEN!
by all first class retailers.
T, WELLER & CO., NEW YORK.
AT WHOLESALE.

THROUGH THE CITY.

EVENTS OF INTEREST GATHERED UP ABOUT TOWN.

Happenings Here and There—In the Courts, at the Capitol, Around the Station House and on the Street—Minor News Notes Caught Up on the Sidewalk—Gossip in the Gutters.

Miss Lizzie Stillwell died Saturday at Stone Mountain.

The democratic league will meet to-night at the state library.

The Angier-Maher investigation will be resumed at 9 o'clock this morning.

A cow was stolen from Patrolman Tug Lynch, at 70 Martin street, Saturday night.

Last night a valuable cow was stolen from Patrolman Brooks, who lives at 195 Whitehall street.

Joseph Jones appeared at police headquarters last night and reported that he had been robbed of $60.

Alf Redwine, a negro, was knocked on the head yesterday at Lynch's rock quarry and badly injured.

Yesterday a thief stole a valuable diamond collar button from Major John A. Fitten's residence, 10 Capitol avenue.

Frank Kimball, a negro man, was given a cell yesterday by Patrolman Gloer. Kimball will probably break rock for a few years.

M. S. Bell, the ex-superintendent of streets, had three mules—a black, a sorrel and mouse-colored—stolen from his place, 397 Marietta street, Sunday night.

Sunday a thief entered J. B. Northrop's residence in West End and carried away a lunch containing a sealskin sacque, an overcoat and some other wearing apparel.

Arthur Holmes and Charles Gilbert, two small negroes, were arrested yesterday by Mounted Officers Green and McWilliams. The boys were detected stealing some socks, but on account of their age they were not prosecuted, their mothers agreeing to give them a good whipping.

The suit of rooms in the custom house, until recently occupied by the postoffice inspector of the division, will in future be occupied by the revenue agent, and the office just under that suit and heretofore occupied by the revenue agent, will be occupied in future by the pension examiner.

Yesterday the Central railroad sent out a train of twenty-four cars loaded with three thousand barrels of flour. The flour was en-route from St. Louis to Savannah and was the largest shipment of flour by a single train ever known in the state. It was all for one firm, Guckenheimer & Co., of Savannah.

W. R. Willingham, a white man, was yesterday given a bath by Mounted Officer West. Willingham's wife lives over Sharpe's drug store on Marietta street, and several weeks ago Willingham gave her a most fearful whipping. He managed to evade the officers and went to Birmingham, where he remained until a few days ago, when he came back. Recorder Anderson will interview him this morning.

Mr. John McWaters, the engineer who was injured in the collision on the West Point road about two months ago, seriously hurt himself Sunday. Mr. McWater's injuries were in the back, and he had about recovered. Sunday afternoon while sitting on his front porch, one of his children tumbled over the railing and Mr. McWaters caught it. In doing so he hurt his back again, and yesterday he was in a worse condition than he was when taken from the wrecked train.

Governor McDaniel is now considering an application for commutation in the case of George Hill, the Cherokee negro, who is sentenced to be hanged on the 31st at Canton. Colonel M. A. Candler, who has been the counsel of Henry Cato, the DeKalb county murderer, also sentenced to be hanged on that day at Decatur, is soon to apply to the governor to interfere in behalf of his client. Cato is sentenced to be hanged in private. If that had not been the order of the court a large crowd would go down from Atlanta to see the execution, as Decatur is so near by.

Dr. J. G. Armstrong, rector of St. Philips's parish, is attending the Episcopal congress at Detroit. In the discussion of agnosticism, or the doctrine that nothing of futurity can be known, he is reported as follows: "He distrusted between subjective and objective agnosticism. He alluded to the paper duel between Fred Harrison and Herbert Spencer, but could not see any elective choice between the former, the atheist, and the latter, the agnostic. He reverenced true philosophy and repudiated the claim of agnosticism to be a philosophy."

PLENTY OF WATER.

Atlanta Capable of Standing Two Months More of Drouth.

Though it has been about seventy days since Atlanta had what could reasonably be called a rain, it has stood the drouth remarkably well, so far as the water supply is concerned. There have been very few instances of failing wells. The water works never did more satisfactory service. Yesterday a CONSTITUTION man asked Mr. W. G. Richards, the superintendent of the water works, what was the condition of the supply at the reservoir. He said:

"We have plenty of water. We are only thirty inches below the top of the stand pipe, and have at least thirty-eight feet of water. That is a great deal more than we had at this time last year. We had then pumped about sixty inches below the top of the standpipe. You must consider, too, that the consumption is now much greater than it was a year ago."

"What has been the increase?"

"It has been over 100 per cent. A year ago we were pumping an average of 2,300,000 gallons a day, now we are supplying 5,000,000 gallons daily."

"Isn't that about your capacity?"

"No, sir, we can pump 6,000,000 gallons a day."

"How is the machinery working?"

"Admirably. Last night when the fire alarm rang I came into the office and the gauge showed a pressure of 95 pounds."

"What does that mean?"

"It means, that with the pressure we then had, we could have thrown a stream on top of the Kimball house."

"So there is no danger of a water-famine?"

"Not by any means. We are remarkably well off, considering the weather and the great increase in consumption. Scarcely anybody has shut off the water yet. It is used in great quantities during this time of drouth and dust, but we find no trouble in sending in the 5,000,000 gallons every day. We can stand 60 days more of dry weather before we call for help."

DID NOT STARVE.

A False Alarm Touching the Death of a Negro Child Yesterday.

Yesterday it was reported to Coroner Hillburn that a negro child, two years old, had died of starvation at 35 Simpson street. The coroner proceeded to the place indicated and found it to be the residence of Mariah Dobbins, whose child was there dead. Coroner Hillburn investigated the affair thoroughly and decided that there were no grounds for the charge of starvation. The woman is employed at the residence of ex-Mayor English. She has been in the habit of leaving her child in the care of Loa Long, a negro woman to whom she has been paying a dollar and a half a week for the care of the child. People in the neighborhood who were familiar with the facts declared that the child was well taken care of, so the coroner held no inquest.

Death of Mrs. W. K. Bagby.

Mrs. W. K. Bagby, mother of Captain D. N. Bagby, of the police force, and of Mr. W. J. Bagby, died at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the family residence 22 Larkin street. The funeral will occur at half past three o'clock today. Mrs. Bagby was sixty-four years old and was respected and loved by all who knew her. She had been sick for nearly a year. Her death was caused by bronchitis.

SHALL THE MULES WALK.

The Recent Ordinance of the City Council Relative to Dray Driving.

Since the city council passed the ordinance prohibiting the driving of dray teams faster than a walk there has been much discussion on the subject and a very liberal expression of opinion from the merchants. The ordinance was adopted by a majority of one, and is not to go into effect until the 1st of November. The chief reasons urged against the fast driving of drays was the danger to pedestrians and the noise occasioned thereby. Yesterday Councilman Mickleberry was asked what he thought of the ordinance. He said—"I don't think it will ever be enforced in its present shape. I mean that I believe the council will reconsider it at the next meeting."

"Is there a motion to reconsider pending?"

"Yes. Councilman Hiniman made the motion at the time the ordinance was passed."

"You don't believe in the so-called reform, then?"

"I don't think such an ordinance ought to be adopted. I have heard some people approve it, but there is no denying the fact that it is a hardship on the merchants. They seem to be expressing themselves unanimously and emphatically against it. It might possibly do to apply a walking ordinance to central portions of such streets as Alabama and Whitehall, but when you make it sweeping in its provisions you do a great injustice to the merchants by retarding their business operations and causing them great inconvenience and serious financial loss. I don't think any such ordinance just or practicable."

A prominent wholesale dry goods merchant said: "I am sure that the members of the council who voted for this ordinance will change their minds upon mature reflection. To put this law into operation is to hamper business fearfully, and I see no great good that is to come from it. We already have an ordinance against fast driving at the crossings and reckless driving generally. Such regulations should be rigidly enforced. But the idea of forbidding drays to move faster than a walk in the city limits is ridiculous. A dray which can now make a dozen loads between my store and the Georgia Pacific depot in a day by going at a reasonable rate of speed, endangering no one and disturbing nobody especially. If this ordinance is not repealed, that dray, instead of making twelve loads will make four. It will earn a dollar a day—not enough to keep it up. I hear but one opinion among the merchants on this subject. I don't believe the people of Atlanta want any ordinance enacted which will seriously damage a large and worthy class of citizens without conferring any special benefit on anybody. I believe the council will reconsider its action and confine its enactments on this subject to the prohibition of reckless and dangerous driving."

It is reported that a petition from the merchants will be presented at the next meeting of the council. Some of the advocates of the ordinance have announced that they mean to stick to it, while some of its opponents are preparing a spirited assault upon it. An interesting discussion will probably be heard when the question comes up next Monday night.

FUNERAL OF MR. G. W. KRIES.

A Sketch of His Career—His Connection With Theatrical Matters.

The funeral of Mr. G. W. Kries occurred yesterday from the German Lutheran church on Whitehall street. Dr. Strickler and Mr. Keltner officiated and the services were attended by a very large congregation of the friends of Mr. Kries. The remains were laid to rest in Oakland cemetery. Mr. Kries was about 28 years old and had been connected with the show business for nearly 10 years. He was with several companies and had a company of his own for two seasons. He married a member of his company a lovely young lady of Griffin, who survives him. He leaves no children. On the death of Johnson, the bill poster, Mr. Kries, purchased the business and has conducted it since in conjunction with Mr. Dooly. About two years ago he lost his health and has since been growing steadily worse. He spent a while in Cuba and last winter he resided at Thomasville. This last summer he lived in New York. He did not improve, however, and for four weeks he has been in Atlanta in bed until his death Saturday night. He was a genial man and had many warm personal friends.

THE POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

The Regular Monthly Meeting—The Chief Makes His Report—Barrow Discharged.

The board of police commissioners convened in regular monthly session last night. There were present Commissioner English, chairman, and Commissioners Jones, Goldsmith and Hancock.

P. J. Barrow, one of the cemetery guards, was placed upon trial. He was charged with leaving his post of duty during his hours of duty and going to the circus on the evening of October 4th, 1884. The accused entered a plea of guilty and made a statement of the facts. The board after a discussion of the matter concluded that the cemetery guard had been guilty of neglect of duty and dismissed him from the force. W. J. Collins was elected to fill the vacancy.

The monthly reports of the captains were read and ordered filed. The report of Sergeant Bagby, of the mounted squad, showed that ninety-four city cases had been made by him during the month, and that the fines imposed in these cases amounted to $340. It also showed that thirty-three state cases had been made and that forty-eight telephone calls had been answered during the month.

The monthly report showed that eighty-nine state cases had been made; that fifty-eight of them had been prosecuted; that three prisoners had been transferred to other counties, and thirty-one had been released for want of prosecution. It showed that three hundred and twenty-two meals had been furnished the prisoners.

The report of the chief was then read. It showed that five hundred and forty cases, state and city, had been made; that two hundred and sixteen of the arrested persons were white males; that thirty-two were white females; that two hundred and nineteen were colored males, and that sixty-four were colored females. The report showed that the amount of the fines imposed by the recorder was $1,694.50, of which amount $1,118.15 had been collected, $64 had been remitted by the mayor, $25.75 had been lost by escapes from the public works and $486.60 had been and was being worked out on the streets. The report also showed that $1,152.60 had been collected from various sources and turned over to the city clerk. The report, besides discussing the operations for the month, gave a resume of the operations for the quarter ending September. In discussing the operations, The report asserted that good order had been maintained in the city, but said a number of thefts had been committed which it had been impossible to prevent on account of the smallness of the force. The condition of the stationhouse and the stockade were discussed and new carpets for the recorder's room and the chief's office were demanded.

The session was short and harmonious.

THE LIME KILN CLUB.

A Political Organization That Sports a Uniform—A Meeting Thursday Night.

It is not generally known that there is a lime kiln club in Atlanta. Such a club does exist, however, having just been organized. The lime kiln club is a political organization of colored people with headqusrters at 11½ Broad street. They have about fifty members and expect to have a hundred very soon. Yesterday the club received a shipment of uniforms to be worn by the members on parade days. The uniform consists of black pants loons, red shirts, and hats with big plumes. If Ohio goes republican the club will turn out for the first time to celebrate the event. If not it will wait until there is a republican victory. The members of the club are as follows: J. B. Parker, president; M. A. Thomas, vice-president; E. H. Bass, secretary and S. T. Bell, treasurer. A meeting will be held Thursday night.

BURGLARY AND ARSON.

A SENSATION ON PRATT STREET ON SUNDAY NIGHT.

Burglars Enter the Residence of Mrs. Harvill and After Stealing a Number of Articles Set Fire to the House in an Effort to Hide Their Crime—Tracked by the Police.

Atlanta was visited by a troup of incendiaries Sunday night and the torch was applied in two separate parts of the city at about the same time. The blazes, however, were quickly detected and the peals of the fire bell calling the firemen to two different parts of the city in quick succession, brought hundreds of people from their homes and the churches.

The first alarm was turned in from box 42, located on Decatur street, at the corner of Ivy. It was caused by the burning of Mrs. Harvill's residence, No. 10 Pratt street. The alarm was sounded before the fire had gained much headway, and the promptness of the department and its efficient work alone saved the building. The residence is located on Pratt street, a short distance from Decatur street, and has been occupied by Mrs. Harvill for years. Sunday night she closed the house up securely and went to church, leaving no one at home. About 8 o'clock a negro woman was passing along the street and as she drew near the residence, was astonished to see the flames passing through the side of the building.

THE NIGHT WAS DARK,

and as the bright blaze pushed itself through the side of the building and made a dense cloud of smoke the picture for a moment almost petrified the sole observer. She, however, gave the alarm, and in a few seconds the department was on hand fighting the fire with desperation. Water was close at hand, and by drenching the place the blaze was conquered, but not until one wing of the building had been almost entirely destroyed. While the fire was at its height Mrs. Harvill arrived, and after it had been extinguished entered the ruins which she had left a short while previous as a pleasant, well furnished house. The north wing of the building had escaped the fire altogether, and while in the rooms in that wing Mrs. Harvill discovered that her purse, containing a small amount of money, gone. This appeared rather suspicious and induced a further investigation which revealed the fact that wearing apparel of all sorts and kinds, bedding and

ORNAMENTS WERE GONE

for their accustomed places. These discoveries caused Mrs. Harvill to suspect that her home had been burglarized during her absence, and that the burglar, to hide his crime, had applied the torch. Believing this to be true, officers were called in and consulted. It was then ascertained that the window in Mrs. Harvill's bedroom had been broken open from the outside. A closet in her room, in which a quantity of bedding had been stored, was opened and the smothered flames shot out. This was after the department had ceased work. The flames were laden with a strong smell of kerosene, and when extinguished the closet was found to be thoroughly saturated with oil. The south wing of the residence was examined and to the eye it was evident that the fire had originated in a closet in a bedroom. Even after the fire had done its work the smell of kerosene was strong. It was also ascertained that every lamp in the house had been broken and that the bowls were empty of oil. These discoveries made it apparent that the place had been fired while Mrs. Harvill was at church and the officers began working to find the guilty parties. Nothing was ascertained until about daylight yesterday morning, when a track was found under Mrs. Harvill's window. Every detail of the track was plain, and without any trouble the officers followed it until the person who made it climbed a fence between Mrs. Harvill's place and a neighbor's.

From the fence the track

LED THROUGH THE GARDEN,

which had been freshly worked, and from the garden it crossed the road in the deep dust, and led to a house in which Minerva Jeter was found. Patrolmen Gloer, Holland and Russell were working the case, and a glance at the woman's foot caused them to suspect she had made the track. They led her to the garden where the tracks were yet quite plain and there established the fact that the track her foot would make was identical with the one which led from Mrs. Harvill's window to her house. This was enough to cause the woman's arrest and incarceration, and subsequently Caleb Gardner, a negro man, was arrested because he was supposed to have had a hand in the fire. The patrolmen have not yet revealed all the evidence they have acquired against the arrested parties.

Mrs. Harvill cannot yet estimate her loss. She does not know what was stolen. She has insurance enough on her property to protect her. Among other articles stolen was a handsome large arm chushioned chair, which is much valued as an heirloom.

While the department was working at Mrs. Harvill's—even before they reached the place—an alarm of fire was turned in from box 61, corner of Capitol avenue and Rawson street, and as soon as the bell ceased striking sixty-one, the third time it began pealing forth again.

THIS TIME IT HIT THIRTY-FIVE.

That box is on Washington street at Clark and the quick succession of the two alarms sent swarms of people out that way. The fire was found to be in William Drakeford's residence, 136 Frazier street. The was a neat four room cottage, and well furnished. Drakeford is a colored man—a well-to-do blacksmith and he and his wife left there home to go to church, and were called away from church by the intelligence of the fire. The fire originated in the parlor, and is believed also to have been the work of incendiaries. The place was saved from total destruction by hard work. A fine organ which was in the parlor, and all the furniture, was destroyed. Drakeford had an insurance of $600 on his house and furniture.

COLQUITT IN FLORIDA.

The Georgia Senator Leaves To-night to Speak for Cleveland and Hendricks.

Several days ago the democratic state committee of Florida wrote to Senator Colquitt requesting that he would make at least four speeches in that state in support of the Cleveland and Hendricks electoral ticket. The senator has consented to do so and will leave to-night for Florida. At Live Oak he will be met by several members of the committee who will accompany him to Lake City, where it is probable that his first speech will be delivered. Arrangements for the other three speeches will have been made by the time the senator reaches Lake City. The democratic electors are making the liveliest campaign known in Florida for years. They are nearly all young men, and full of enthusiasm for the party. There is no doubt about the electoral vote of Florida, but the democrats mean to roll up a handsome majority for Cleveland, and are trying to secure a solid democratic delegation in congress. One of their candidates for elector-at-large is John T. Graves, of Jacksonville. Mr. Graves was formerly a resident of Atlanta, and is now one of the leading journalists of Florida. He is doing excellent work in the campaign, and is accounted one of the most effective stump speakers in the state.

Senator Colquitt will doubtless have a cordial reception in Florida. Many of his old soldiers live in that state, and some of his most illustrious military service was rendered on Florida soil. The senator is in fine trim for the campaign.

The Grant Park.

The park commission have been presented by the Hallowell granite company with the superb oolitic pedestal, which has recently stood in front of the old capitol. It was already boxed for shipment when orders came changing its destination. It is now in order for some of our public spirited citizens to present the statue to surmount the pedestal.

STILSON.
Reliable Goods, Fair Dea
53 WHITEHALL STR

IN THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Events of Interest in the Various Temples of Justice.

In the superior court the criminal docket was taken up yesterday morning and the net result of the day's work was nineteen years labor for the state from three individuals who had fractured the penal statutes.

The first case was that of W. M. Templeton, one of the attaches of Doris's circus that exhibited here on the 4th inst. That night, on the circus ground, Sam Turner, colored, was knocked down by a gang of the circus sluggers and robbed of a box of cigars, his watch, razor and hat. Among the assailants he recognized Templeton by the absence of two fingers on one hand and one finger on the other. Templeton was arrested next morning, and the grand jury indicted him for highway robbery. He was put on trial yesterday and was defended by Captains Harry Jackson and W. T. Newman, by appointment of the court. The testimony of Turner was positive as to Templeton's identity, and the latter offered no testimony and made no statement. The jury found him guilty. When called upon to know what he had to say, why sentence should not be passed upon him, he made a hot talk against the police and declared himself as innocent of the crime as an unborn babe. Judge Hammond sentenced him to ten years at hard labor. Templeton then wanted to make another speech, but was denied the privilege.

ONE OF HIS PALS.

John McNeely, a young circus hoodlum, who assisted Templeton in the robbery, was next put upon trial, and under the same line of testimony was found guilty by the jury. In consequence of his youth and the fact that he did not do any of the pounding of Turner, his sentence was fixed at only five years.

LEE HARRISON'S HAUL.

A young yellow darkey, by the name of Lee Harrison, appeared in convict stripes from the county gang, to answer a charge of burglary. The evidence went to show that Lee went into the country and burglarized the dwelling of Mr. William Stewart, devouring his cold victuals and taking out a pair of shoes. He was caught in the act, and the testimony was dead against him. He was found guilty and sentenced to four years, his term to begin when he finished his present job on the county gang.

IN THE CITY COURT.

The civil docket was taken up in the city court, and the case of Hoover vs. Mahoney et al was first in order. Nothing of importance was transacted during the day.

THE UNITED STATES COURTS.

In the United States courts yesterday the following cases were disposed of: George Hunter, illicit distilling. Plea guilty and sentence of four months, $100 fine and costs. John Mahorn, illicit distilling, etc. Verdict of guilty and remanded to jail to await sentence. Robert Ralston, distilling and retailing, verdict of guilty and sentence of four months, $100 and costs. The grand jury of the United States court was organized yesterday with William E. Glanton, of Rome, foreman.

ATLANTA'S ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

The Board of Aldermen Agree to Give the City Twenty Electric Lights.

The aldermanic board met yesterday, and after a careful consideration of the question agreed to give the city twenty electric lights.

The question was brought before the board by Mr. Stockdell, who moved to reconsider the action of the board at its last meeting in refusing to concur with the council in its resolution establishing the twenty lights. The motion to reconsider prevailed and then the motion to concur was made. Mr. Stockdell advocated the motion, Mr. Mecaslin said that he was willing for the city to try the electric lights, and that he had but one object in view while discharging his official duties and that that object was the good of the city. Mr. Healy agreed with Mr. Mecaslin and the motion to concur was unanimously carried. In concurring, however, the board changed the council resolution to such an extent that the council will have to pass again upon the resolution before it becomes a law.

The original resolution authorized the council committee on lamps and gas to contract with Georgia electric light company for twenty lights to burn all night at forty cents for each light each night—the company to bear all expenses of erecting and maintaining the lights. The resolution also asked that $1,500 be taken from the contingent fund and placed to the credit of the lamps and gas committee for the purpose of the electric lights. In concurring in the council resolution the board adopted a resolution leaving the street lamps in the territory where the electric lights are put. This is done in event the city refuses to renew the contract with the electric light company when it expires. Mr. Stockdell says that the extra $1,500 will not be needed. He thinks were the gas cut off enough money will be saved to pay for the electric lights. The placing of the lights is in the hands of the council, and as yet it is not known where they will be placed.

ANOTHER JACKSON CASE.

Willis Williams Surprises his Wife and Elbert Gibson, and Lays Gibson Out.

Elbert Gibson, a well known negro man, was given his death wound last night by Willis Williams, a cook at the Markham house. Williams is a married man, and, with his wife, has been living on Wheat street, near Big Bethel church. He is a hard-working, quiet negro, and by economy has saved enough to arrange a comfortable home in which his wife reigned supreme, and in which he passed a pleasant life until last night, when it was rudely broken up. About eight o'clock Williams went to his home and made discoveries which drove him mad, but in his madness there was method, and drawing his knife he sprang upon his rival in his wife's affections and, in an instant, cut him several times on the neck. One wound is an especially dangerous wound, and Elbert Gibson's death will probably ensue. After the cutting Williams skipped out and has not yet been arrested.

The Meetings at the First Church.

The large congregations at the First Methodist church was deeply impressed on Sabbath morning by a fervent appeal from the Rev. George Smith in behalf of the conversion of the children. Special services were held for them in the afternoon, and again on yesterday, and great good will result from them. On Sunday night the pastor made an able and most eloquent appeal to the people, exhorting them to be perfect, even as our Father in heaven is perfect. These meetings are of deep interest to any one, and it is hoped that everybody will attend. They will be continued night and morning during the week.

Ship your dried fruit to L. Steinau, No. 81 Broad street. fri san tue

"Ford's California Wines."

Mr. Alf Ford has got in a large stock of California Wines and Grape Brandy for the fall and winter trade, which he brings direct from the Vineyard in Napa Valley, California. His wines are well known for their purity and excellence, as he has jobbed them over six states for the last eight years. Where a stimulant is needed for sickness or debility, these wines are among the best, as they are guaranteed perfectly pure and free from any counteration.

He keeps constantly on hand a large supply of all the fine fruits of the season. He is receiving daily everything that is new in the confectionery line, and his French crystalized fruits are both delicious and ornamental. Smokers that wish a fine cigar would do well to gaze into his large show-case. His stock of fancy groceries embraces everything in that line. Goods sold at wholesale and retail, at No. 31, Peachtree street.

Nice well ventilated and well lighted rooms, all new and neat, in Constitution building.

Jeweler.
ling and Bottom Prices
EET ATLANTA GA.

A Solace to the Election Excitement.

In the election excitement we should not lose sight of the next (17th) Grand Monthly Drawing of The Louisiana State Lottery, which will happen on Tuesday, November 11th,—full information can be had of M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La. The following is the result of the Drawing on September 9th, last. No. 70,468 drew the Capital Prize of $75,000—sold in fifths at $1 each—one fifth $15,000) by mail from M. A. Dauphin, Washington, D. C., to Miss Mary Cumnin, living at service with Edw. Hopper, Esq., No. 1,206 Spruce St., Philadelphia; one to Mr. Thos. W. Cromer, 371 LaFayette Ave., Baltimore, Md. (collected through the Drovers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Baltimore); one to Mr. Lewis P. Amplemen, 829 Sprice st., St. Louis, Mo.; another to Henry W. Rahmer, engineer U. S. tow boat, "Wm. Stone," at St. Louis, Mo. No. 15,612 drew the second Capital Prize of $25,000, one-fifth of which was held by Mr. Robt. Locke, Memphis, Tenn.; another was collected through Union and Planters' Bank, of Memphis; one to Mr. R. K. Durst, San Francisco, Cal. No. 55,712 drew the Third Capital Prize of $10,000, two-fifths held by Mr. G. A. Brown, Bank Exchange, cor. Montgomery and Washington sts., San Francisco; two-fifths were held by Mr. F. H. Redd, Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass. Nos. 20,461 and 46,935 drew the Fourth Capital Prizes ($5,000 each,) sold to parties in Pittsburg, San Francisco, Omaha, Neb., and Suffolk, Va., etc., etc., until one three to hear of good luck, which might have been ours, if we only had invested, but a good resolution to make is never to let another opportunity to pass by.—To be continued indefinitely.

Tate Spring water warranted to cure dyspepsia

New Type, Good Paper, Skilled Printers, Promptness, Cheapness. These are characteristics of the Constitution Job Office.

A priceless feeling of cleanliness remains for hours after using Holmes' Dentifrice. sun tue fri wky

Mauck papers and paints houses and signs.

Thatcher, Primrose & West.

The above well known minstrels will begin an engagement at DeGive's opera house Wednesday night, with the following talented artists, in a carefully selected programme: George Thatcher, Primrose and West, Billy Rice, Frank E. McNish, Wood, Beasley and the Weston brothers, George H. Edwards, Burt Shepard, Charles Seamon, Eddie Girard, George Turner, Willie Girard, Frank Howard, Will Raymond, J. P. O'Keefe, Banks Winter, Charles F. Noble and Harry M. Morse. The great "Baseball Contest" and the burlesque "Bad-Fed-Dora" will be given at each performance.

L. Steinau, 81 Broad street, pays highest cash price for dried fruit, beeswax and hides. fri sun tue

Parties wanting good offices will call and examine our new rooms in Constitution building for rent.

Favorite Cigarettes, will sooth your trouble here below.

Mizpah.

Mr. Ted D. Marks, business manager of the Patti Rosa company, is in the city making preparations for the engagement of the company which will be here Friday and Saturday.

Patti Rosa, the charming and sprightly soubrette has visited Australia, New Zealand, the Pacific coast, and the eastern states, and is well and favorably known. She has recently filled satisfactory engagements in Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago and Louisville. Miss Rosa was born in England; her father, Mr. Buckingham, was a noted pantomimist, her mother, who now lives in New Jersey, is the originator of the transformation dance, and is Madame Cerito. Miss Rosa went on the stage in dances at four years of age, she is now twenty-three. Mizpah is a good play, with an interesting plot that is worked out satisfactorily. Miss Rosa is an excellent dancer, and her songs, which are bright and new, are well sung. In her vocal and terpsichorean portion of her performance she is well supported by Misses Lester and Williams, two excellent song and dance artists.

Georgians drink Tate Spring water.

Dyspepsia and tobacco chewing positively cured by chewing Valentino's Peerless Sweet Gum. All dealers supplied this elegant gum by Frank E. Block, Atlanta, Ga. 6t

First auction sale of the fall season by T. A. Frierson, Real Estate Agent, at Jug Tavern, on G. J. and C. railroad midway between Gainesville and Social Circle, to-morrow 15th. Let everybody attend a pleasant excursion and big dinner. T. A. Frierson, Real Estate Agent, 36 Wall street.

Mauck sells wall paper, paints and picture rods.

Favorite Cigarettes. Just what you want. Try them.

Give your children Smith's worm oil.

It is impossible to have a bad breath, diseased gums or sore mouth if Holmes' Wash and Dentifrice is used. sun tue fri wky

Rooms in suits and well located for rent in Constitution building.

For Rent in the Fitten Building.

The most desirable suite of office rooms in the city, on second floor, fronting both Marietta and Broad streets. SAMUEL W. GOODE, Agent. thu sat tu.

Favorite Cigarettes. Pure Tobacco and Purest Rice Paper.

Leave the hot, dry and dusty city one day, and attend the big auction sale at Jug Tavern, enjoy the delightful cool breezes, drink from the cool spring, the finest in the state, and invest some money that will enhance fast, and return to the city same day, (Wednesday). T. A. Frierson, Real Estate Agent, 36, Wall street.

One bottle of Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection, with syringe combined, cures without capsules. $1. All Druggists. tu th sa wky

Favorite Cigarettes, will sweeten meditation.

Jug Tavern! Jug Tavern!! Jug Tavern!!
At Auction.

Remember the big sale at Jug Tavern to-morrow, (15th), take the 8:25 a. m., train, Georgia railroad, can return same day. Those seeking investments attend this sale. Dinner served on the ground. Call on T. A. Frierson, Real Estate Agent, 36 Wall street for further information.

Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Howard & Candler sell Holmes' Wash and Dentifrice, wholesale and retail. sun tue fri wky

Favorite Cigarettes. Purest, Mildest and Best.

Buy your paints and paper from Mauck.

The Constitution Job office is prepared to do all kinds of Printing with neatness and dispatch.

A sweet breath, healthy gums, clean teeth, by using Holmes' Wash and Dentifrice. sun tues fri wky

Country merchants will do well to ship their dried fruit and hides to L. Steinau, No. 81 Broad street. fri sun tue

Decatur Baptist Church.

On next Sunday night a series of meetings will begin in the Baptist church at Decatur, to continue every night during the succeeding week. Rev. Drs. Hawthorne, McDonald, Golden, Norcross and Wharton have been invited to assist the pastor, Rev. D. Shaver, D. D.

The Decisions of the February Term of the

SUPREME COURT

have just been published in pamphlet form.

We will send the Pamphlet, postage paid on receipt of One Dollar.

Address THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Ga.

GIVEN AWAY
TO EVERY
Cash Purchaser
TO THE AMOUNT OF $20—A
WATERBURY WATCH!
—A—
PERFECT WATCH!
Not a Toy, but an
Excellent Time Keeper,
Every cash purchaser to the amount of $10 gets a ticket, and the holder of two (2) tickets is entitled to a Watch.
Our Winter Stock
—OF—
CLOTHING
Is Now Complete for
MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN.
—AND—
OUR MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
Cannot be Equalled in the city.
Look before purchasing elsewhere.
Jas. A. Anderson & Co.,
41 Whitehall Street.

Cholera Cure

IN AN INTERVIEW WITH THE ATLANTA Constitution Dr. S. T. Biggers, principal of the Georgia Eclectic Medical College, states that during his experience with the cholera in Nashville, he prescribed one tablespoonful of the Tincture of Red Pepper to one bottle of BIGGERS' SOUTHERN REMEDY with almost unfailing success and The Constitution advises its readers to ever keep on hand a bottle which by its timely use will save so much pain and anxiety.

A PROMINENT PHYSICIAN OF ATLANTA prescribes Dr. Biggers Southern Remedy in all bowel and stomach afflictions, and states that for restoring the little child that is wasting away by the daily drainage upon its system it is unequaled as it is also for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramp Colic, Cholera Morbus, AND ANY CHILD IS PLEASED TO TAKE IT.

PROFESSOR A. BARILI,

of the Atlanta Female Institute, states that under no circumstances would he suffer his family to be without a bottle of Dr. Biggers Southern Remedy, the timely use of some having relieved almost every member of his family of some bowel or stomach trouble.

THE OLD GRAND MOTHER

when called to the bedside of the little child suffering with that night fiend to children and horror to parents, CROUP, the old grandmother used to send for mullein and make a tea and at once relieve it—made into a tea now and combined with sweet gum it presents in Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein a pleasant and effective cure for Croup, Whooping-Cough, Colds and Consumption. Price 25cts. and $1.00. Ask your druggist for it. Manufactured by Walter A. Taylor, Atlanta, Ga., proprietor Taylor's Fremium Cologne.

Send 2 cent stamp for Taylor's Little Riddle Book, not only for the amusement of the little ones, but containing informat for the welfare of every home.

WANTED—THE PEOPLE'S MUTUAL LIVE Stock Insurance company of Baltimore, Maryland, want first class general agents. The company is nearly three years old, stands second to none, and proposes extending its business into the state of Georgia. We refer to the Maryland insurance commissioner or any banker, merchant or insurance firm in the city of Baltimore. Address with reference. E. W. FREE, Sec'y.
Corner South and Water streets, Baltimore, Md.
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Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.
WILL RECEIVE THIS WEEK
THEIR SECOND LOT OF FINE
Novelty Dress Goods.
Exquisite Goods, never shown here before.
WOOL DRESS GOODS—Immense stock, all styles
BLACK GOODS—Exquisite styles just opened.
VELVETS—All shades, cheap and good.
FLANNELS—Large stock very cheap.
BLANKETS—Splendid quality cheaper than ever known.
BLACK SILKS—Our 24 inch Black Silk warranted not to split. We control in this market, best known to the trade.
SILKS, DUCHUSE SATIN, MERVELEAUX, Etc.,
We guarantee prices against New York or any other market.
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Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!
THE MOST COMPLETE SHOE STORE, CONsisting of every new style in Hand-made Goods from the best acknowledged makers in the United States, at
CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO'S.
NEW STYLES IN GENTS' SHOES!
NEW STYLES IN LADIES' SHOES!
NEW STYLES IN MISSES' SHOES!
NEW STYLES IN CHILDREN'S SHOES!
Every Pair Warranted as Represented.
CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.
We will make a specialty this season of
Rubber Goods
in everything in this line, from a Rubber Tip to a Gent's Rubber Hunting Boot. All as good as the best and as low as the lowest, at
CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO'S.

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Diamonds, Watches,
JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE
CALL EARLY AND SECURE YOUR BRIDAL Presents, Anniversary Gifts, and save money by not paying high profits asked by other houses. On or before the entire stock must be closed out by

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Lycett's Art School & China Decorating Works

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Instruction in all branches of decorative art, firing and gilding china for amateurs our specialty. The best assortment of artist materials, fine china brushes, colors, etc., in the south. China painted to order. Wedding presents to order at 24 hours notice. Write for circular.

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The Only WATCH FACTORY IN THE SOUTH.

Patronize a Home Industry.

WATCHES

Send for Illustrated Price List.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.

ATLANTA, GA.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 5 11-16; New York at 10; in Atlanta at 9 5-16.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, October 13, 10:21 P.M.

All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30.11	71	58	N	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Augusta	30.07	72	..	..	Calm	.00	Clear.
Key West	29.83	80	72	..	Brisk	.07	Clear.
Savannah	30.02	73	..	N E	Light	.00	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Time of observation.					
4:21 a m	30.17	62	58	N E	Fresh	.00	Clear.
12:35 p m	30.18	76	61	N	Fresh	.00	Clear.
2:21 p m	30.08	81	58	N W	Fresh	.00	Clear.
6:21 p m	30.09	80	58	N	Light	.00	Clear.
10:21 p m	30.11	74	58	N	Fresh	.00	Clear.

Mean daily bar..... 30.119 Maximum ther..... 81.8
" " ther..... 73.0 Minimum ther..... 62.0
" " hu'y ... 62.7 Total rainfall..... 0.00

MEETINGS.

Atlanta Lodge, No. 5 order Golden Chain, meets to-night 7½ o'clock. A full attendance requested.
ROBT. S. STEWART, Commander.
G. S. PRIOR, Secretary.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. J. P. Hodge, of this city, is visiting relatives and friends at Hopkinsville, Ky.

Miss Minnie Gay left for Dallas, Texas, yesterday to visit relatives.

Mr. Henry R. Harris, Jr., a prominent citizen of Barnesville, is in the city.

Frank Mobley, a former Atlanta boy, who now registers from New York, is among his old friends in this city for a few days.

Mr. Lewis Cass Duff, of New York, is in the city.

Mr. Willis Reagan and wife, Miss Lena Jackson, of New Orleans, Mr. J. G. Zachrdy and Mr. R. B. Clark, returned yesterday from a visit to General P. M. B. Young's home in Bartow county.

Messrs Frank Warren, Tom Walsh and J. S. McDonald, of Anniston, are in the city.

Dr. J. F. Huntley, dentist, 61 Wheat street.

Major Campbell and wife, of this city, have returned home from a visit to Chattanooga.

Colonel I. S. Boyd, of Atlanta, is down at Leary, looking after his farming interest.

Mr. Peck and wife, of Atlanta, are at Anniston, Alabama. He will bring cotton here this season for the Inman's, of Atlanta.—Hot Blast.

Rome Courier: "Miss Ione Newman, of Atlanta, a particular favorite in Rome, is in the city, visiting Mrs. George Bates, and we could mention several other gentlemen whose hearts will beat faster when they read this."

Our friend D. W. Welsh, who has been connected with the Atlanta flour mills for several years, and who has a reputation as the best miller in the country, was in our office yesterday and informed us that he would leave at once for the Lenoir mills, Tennessee.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., October 13, 1884.

List of circuits showing the number of cases remaining undisposed of:

Middle circuit	10	Pataula circuit	9
Flint circuit	15	Ocmulgee circuit	9
Coweta circuit	7	Brunswick circuit	9
Rome circuit	18	Eastern circuit	28
Cherokee circuit	11	Northern circuit	6
Augusta circuit	22	Atlanta circuit	46

MACON CIRCUIT.

No. 8. Central railroad vs. Harrison. Complaint for damages, from Bibb. Argued. Lyon & Gresham, for plaintiff in error. Bacon & Rutherford, for defendant.

No. 15. Strauss vs. Friend. Foreclosure of mortgage, from Bibb. Argued. Lyon & Gresham, for plaintiff in error. A. Proudfit; Gustin & Hall, for defendant.

No. 10. Obear, ex'r and trustee, vs. Gray. Equity, from Bibb. Lanier & Anderson; Gustin & Hall, for plaintiff in error. J. C. Rutherford; J. Rutherford; Sam H. Jemison; L. N. Willitte, for defendant. Pending argument of Mr. Anderson, the court adjourned to 9:30 a. m. to-morrow.

Professor Ludwig W. Harmsen.

We were much pleased to meet again our genial friend, Professor Ludwig W. Harmsen, who, after an absence of nearly seventeen years, has returned once more to our city in order to spend the winter with his family in our midst. The professor looks well and seems to be in splendid health. His skill on the piano and organ has made him a host of friends, not alone in Atlanta, but also in the far nor'west, and we hope and trust that the professor will ere long favor our people with one of his grand concerts.

ARRESTED IN NEW ORLEANS.

Harry Young, Another One of the Menko Burglars, Coming Back to Atlanta.

Chief Connolly left last night for New Orleans. He carried with him a requisition for Harry Young, one of the boys who is charged with burglarising Menko's store. Harry Young was arrested in New Orleans Saturday, and Sunday Chief Connolly was notified of the arrest by telegraph. Young is the third person who has been arrested for the burglary and there is yet another one at large. Rinken, who was arrested in Knoxville, and Asberry, who was arrested in Savannah, are both in the Fulton county jail, where they will soon be joined by Young. Chief Connolly has done some hard work in this case and deserves much credit for driving the crime home to the perpetrators. He intended sending an officer for Young, but the board of commissioners requested him to go himself, believing that the trip would give him a little recreation which he deserves. Harry Young, for whom he is going, is the youngest one of the quartette charged with the burglary. He is well known in Atlanta, where he has lived all his life. His family stand well and have the respect and esteem of all who know them. Harry's trouble is the consequence of bad company and a disregard of his parents' teachings.

The drouth is very severe in north Alabama. Pegram, of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, says that people come great distances to the trains to ask for good and cool drinking water.

$100 PRIZE.

The above Prize was awarded to

C. W. MOTES

At the recent Photographic Convention in Cincinnati, for the best

Instantaneous Photograp s.

Photographs of Children made in

LESS THAN HALF A SECOND.

A NOVEL MARRIAGE.

A Young Couple From Stone Mountain Get Married at Social Circle.

Mr. Charles A. Rankin and Miss Annie Ray had a romantic marriage Sunday morning. The young couple live at Stone Mountain, though Mr. Rankin is quite well known in Atlanta. Sunday morning, in company with a number of friends, they boarded the morning train on the Georgia railroad and rode to Social Circle and were married at the Spencer house. Then boarding the train, Mr. and Mrs. Rankin proceeded to Augusta on their bridal tour, and the other members of the party returned to Stone Mountain. Mr. Rankin is a most excellent young man and his bride a most charming young lady. Their novel marriage was rather unexpected, except to the favored few who went on the trip to Social Circle.

John Keely's GRAND MILLINERY OPENING!

Will be in progress until Thursday night. All the ladies are respectfully invited to attend, at JOHN KEELY'S.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,

Spot Cash.

The season is here for blankets and comforts and we have the stock. We throw them upon our counters under strict business principles and if we can't satisfy you that it is to your interest to trade with us then you are under no obligations.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,

Spot Cash.

Underwear for ladies, children and men. Our stock is large, and all that we ask is the trial and you will say that our low prices entitle us to your trade.

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DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,

Spot Cash.

Others may "out-say" us on flannels, but we claim the field on low prices.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,

Spot Cash.

Fine medium dress goods. Silks and velvets are great specialties with us, and we are determined to do a big business here if you appreciate a handsome stock and low prices.

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DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,

Spot Cash.

This is the first real indication of fall. We have therefore had ample time to prepare and get our stock in shape for the heavy fall and winter business. You can therefore call on us feeling sure that you will be welcomed by the grandest effort of our lives to please you.

We are going to work this season with a greater determination than ever that it shall be a common saying, around the firesides at night, that "Dougherty's spot cash house is ahead for reliable goods, fair dealing and low prices it has no rival in the market."

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MENS' SUITS!
CHILDRE
In Every Variety o
OUR STOCK IS COMPL
For those in search of the finest our Tailoring Department continues
HIRSCH
CLOTHIERS
42 and 44 WHIT

Atlanta Cha ir Factory.
JOS. L. KIN G, Proprietor.
MANUFACT URERS OF
CANE, RATTAN AND SPLIT SEAT CHAIRS.
OFFICE AND FACTORY, No. 6 CULVER STREET, Atlanta, Georgia.

Our Fall Stoc k of Clothing
FOR MEN, BOYS AND
CHILDREN IS N OW COMPLETE!
The Finest Goo ds!
THE BES T STYLES!
The Low est Prices!
SUITS MADE TO ORDER AT POPULAR PRICES.
Muse & Swift.
28 WHITEHALL ST.

Steam Engine s and Boilers.
COTTON PRESSES,
COTTON GINS CANE MI LLS SYRUP KETTLES
Grist Mills, Saw Mills, Roller Lumber Gages, Mill Gearing, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers,
STEAM PUMPS, IRON PI PE AND PIPE FITTINGS,
ENGINE FITTINGS AND BRASS GOODS.
GENERAL MACHINE W ORK PROMPTLY DONE
All makes of Engine and Boiler Repairing a Specialty. Try us. Satisfaction guaranteed.
A. B. FARQU HAR & CO.,
CENTRAL CITY IRON WORKS, MACON, GA.

IRON TRE E GUARDS.
Wire and Ir on Railing.
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WHOLESALE LI QUOR DEALER,
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Old Baker and Monongahela WHIS KIES,
Imported Brandies, Gins, Sher ry and Port Wines, Pommery Sec, VeClicquot, Monopo le, G. H. Mumms & Co. Champ agnes,
French Liqueurs.
APOLLINARIS WA TER,
AN GOSTURA BITTERS,
FINE TABL E CLARETS
BASS BURKE'S ALE, GUINNESS STOUT.

AUCTIO N SALE
—O— —O—
Railroad Cont ractors Plant!
—A— T—
Oxford, Ala., Oc tober 15th, 1884.
We will sell to the highest bidder a large number of Railroad Carts, Wagons, Wheel Barrows, Drills, Steel Hammers, Shovels Picks, Blacksmith's Tools, etc. All sorts of
HAR NESS,
A good deal of whi ch is new; also four
INGERSOL IMPROV ED STEAM DRILLS
Complete, as good as new, and many other things appertaining to railroad work. Terms made known on day of sale.
For further particulars apply to Wm. Minnige DUNN, LEALE & CO.
Georgia. rode, 68 and 70 East Alabama street, Atlanta.

BOYS' SUITS!
N'S SUITS!
f Style and Price!
ETE IN EVERY DETAIL.
goods, made up in the best manner, to be the center of attraction.
BROS.
& TAILORS,
EHALL STREET.

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DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,

Spot Cash.

We have been two months or more getting up our fall stock of shoes; they are all in now, and it will do you good to examine and price them. We are not on shoes alone for our profits and we are going to work cheap in this department.

Favorite Cigarettes. Trade constantly increasing.

Wesleyan Fe male College,
MACON, GEORGIA.
THE 47th ANNUAL SESSION BEGINS OCTOBER 1st. All modern conveniences. Best advantages in Literature, Music and Art. Special attention to health and comfort of pupils. Moderate charges. Apply early to W. C. HASS.

Atlanta Female Institute
—AND—
COLLEGE OF MUSIC.
THIS SCHOOL WILL BE RE-OPENED SEPT. 2, 1884. The Music and Art Departments are re spectively under the charge of Mr. Alfredo Barili and Mr. J. E. Moser. For catalogue apply to MRS. J. W. BALLARD Principal.

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The College of Letters, Music and Art. Exercises begin Sept. 25th. For catalogues demonstrating the unsurpassed advantages at lowest rates, address
I. F. COX, President, La Grange, Ga.
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An Ordinance.

BY COUNCILMAN GRAY: BE IT ORDAINED by the mayor and general council of Atlanta.

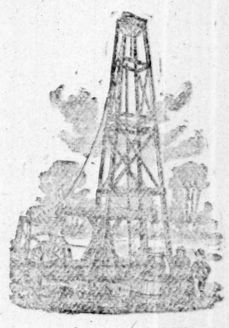
Section 1. That from and after November 1st, 1884, no loaded or empty dray, wagon or other vehicle used for hauling or transferring merchandise or other heavy articles shall be driven faster than a walk within the corporate limits of this city.

Section 2. Any driver or other person violating this ordinance shall on conviction be punished by a fine not exceeding $100 or imprisonment not less than thirty days, either or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 3. All ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed. Adopted and ordered published daily till November 1st, 1884, in two papers.

JNO. F. PFEFFER. OS. ICHENHOWER. M. HOLDER.

JNO. PFEFFER & CO.



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Oil, Gas and Water Works Contractors.
ALL DESCRIPTION OF TUBE WELLS MADE.
Deep Wells a Specialty.
No. 15 Public Landing. CINCINNATI, O.

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LUXOMNI.
PURELY VEGETABLE.

Beware of Counterfeits.

The gem of female remedies, specially adapted to troubles of pregnancy, used during the last two months of pregnancy it relieves all sense of tightness and weight, so annoying to the condition.

Luxomni relieves cramps, false pains, and promotes rest and comfort at night; it greatly ameliorates the pangs of child birth, shortens labor, prevents after pains, and facilitates recovery.

For disordered and painful menstruation, it has no equal, and is a superior remedy for neuralgies, convulsions, and other troubles connected with the uterine and ovarium diseases.

Luxomni is no liquid preparation, but a combination of vegetable plants from which a simple tea is made, and is without doubt the gem of female remedies. Price, $1.00 per package. If your druggist has not the preparation, address the
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HOPE FOR THE AFFLICTED. SHOW ON WELL. Is invited to send this address to THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga., for a copy of their treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases, which will be mailed free.

CANCER FOR MANY YEARS.
A family servant has been afflicted for many years with a cancer on her nose, and was treated by some of the best physicians, and the old remedies used without benefit. Finally we gave her Swift's Specific and she has been completely cured.
JOHN HILL, Druggist.
Thomson, Ga., August 18, 1884.

Nose Eaten Off!
John Naves, a young man near here, had a cancer on his face which had eaten away his nose, and part of his cheek, and was extending up to his eyes. As a last resort he was put on Swift's Specific, and it has entirely cured him. His face is all healed over with new flesh, and his general health is excellent. His recovery was wonderful.
M. F. CRUMBEY, M. D.,
Oglethorpe, Ga., August 18, 1884.

Cancerous Face.
I have for many years suffered with a cancerous affection on my face, which has been entirely removed by the use of a few bottles of Swift's Specific.
B. W. COLLIER,
Indian Springs, Ga., April 19, '84.

Cancer for 5 Years!
A woman with a cancerous ulcer of five years standing and five inches in diameter, has been entirely relieved by six bottles of Swift's Specific. I consider its effects wonderful—almost miraculous.
REV. JESSE CAMPBELL,
Columbus, Ga., August 16, 1884.

We are every day receiving the most wonderful reports from the use of Swift's Specific in the treatment of Cancer. Sufferers from this class of diseases should not fail to send for our treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases and Cancer treatment. Our remedy is entirely vegetable—no mercury, no potash, or other mineral.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

HARTER'S IRON TONIC
THE ONLY TRUE IRON TONIC
Will purify the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS and RESTORE YOUR HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH. Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, and Tired Feeling absolutely cured. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind it supplies brain power. Suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a sure and speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. Frequent attempts at counterfeiting only add to the popularity of the original. Do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL AND BEST. Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo., for our "DREAM BOOK." Full of strange and useful information, free.
LADIES

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Chronic & Nervous Diseases. Quick, Sure Cures. Best & (Established 1851.) written guarantee given in every case undertaken. Send two stamps for Celebrated Medical Works, Free. Call or write. F. D. CLARKE, M. D. No. 226 VINE STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

WARNING.
I HEREBY WARN THE ORDINARIES OF GEORgia against issuing a marriage license for the marriage of my daughter, Luella Estes, for the next three years without my written consent.
J. T. ESTES,
Rutledge, Morgan Co., Ga., September 20, 1884.

Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. 1/2 d only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.
Having sold your great kidney preparations known as for the past year or more we are pleased to report that it has given entire satisfaction and we do not hesitate to recommend it.
J. G. Williams & Co. Syracuse, N. Y.
Sold by Druggists. Price, $1.00.
MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER, Agents.

THE

VOL. XVII.

BELOW THE MARK.

Ohio Fails to Reach her Fu Republican Majority.

THE STATE AS EXPECTED, REPUBLIC

But by a Far Less Majority Th Four Years Ago.

THE FULL VOTE PROBABLY 800,0

The Loss of Majority Attributed the Blaine Burden.

OHIO AS BETWEEN GARFIELD AND BLA

The Former's Magnificent Major Shrunk by the Latter.

WEST VIRGINIA'S RALL

Rolling Up a Democratic Majo of Probably 10,000.

The returns from Ohio printed below based on two elections.

The republicans base their gains on the tion of '83, when Hoadly (democrat) elected by 12,659 majority. The demo base their gains on the October electi 1880, when the republican majority 19,000. A reference of reported gains to figures will give the net result.

It appears from the returns received the republicans have carried the state by from 12,000 to 15,000 majority. The result will hardly exceed this higher estimate, and we see no reason to hope that it will fa low 10,000.

West Virginia has gone democratic vote of about 8,000.

The October elections have therefore without any special surprise or signifi The details are printed below.

The Early Birds

WHO WERE CAUGHT WHILE TRYING TO RUN I BALLOT BOXES.

CINCINNATI, October 14.—At a late h night, six United States deputy marshals rested by the police. Two of these men w rested on Front street, and the other four o street. Both places are known as negro res the marshals claim that they were search repeaters. Revolvers were found on all of th but one. The six men were taken to the and locked up. Shortly after one o'cl morning, United States Marshal H. Lott appeared at the station, and demanded o ficers in charge the release of all the prison surrender of the weapons taken from the possession of the warrants which the po confiscated when the men were arrested demands were refused. Marshal Wright parted, but afterwards returned with Secret Officer Rathbone, and four deputy marsha ed with a warrant from the United States the arrest of the three policemen, who are United States marshals. He was i that the deputies had been released from He discovered that the three policemen fo he had warrants were conceded, but subse two of them were arrested, and at 2:40 a. weae taken before the United States comm on the charge of obstructing United Sta shals in the discharge of their duty. T shals are after the third policeman, a also have a warrant for the arrest of the lie of the police, who locked the deputies up.

The Forenoon Flurry

OVER HALF THE VOTE CAST BY TEN O SHERIFFS AND MARSHALS AT ARMS

CINCINNATI, October 14.—The city is with excitement. Many arrests have be at the polls for illegal voting, and challe carried on to a greater extent than ev Slight collisions have taken place in seve but the worst so far has been in the si where a large number of negroes and l and where early this morning one of Pi detectives was badly beaten. A negro "Foxy" Anderson was killed this in an encounter with a deputy marshal port came from the 15th ward that th sheriffs had overpowered, the deputy and were refusing to allow any negroe and the United States marshal sent an number of deputy marshals to the scene

The weather is delightful, cool and pl very large vote has, so far, been polled. about the polls say there is very little and every where great earnestness is ma

THE INTENSE INTEREST.

It was remarked by Judge Kelley of Pe after canvassing this state, that he had such intense interest, manifested in po 1880.

All reports received up to this hour, indicate that this intensity of feeling An enormous vote is being polled. K striving not only to get in all the votes them in early. It is understood that arded as the battle ground, and on to-day will depend the conduct of the weeks of the campaign. The polls are ly watched by deputy sheriffs and p senting the democrats, and deputy Un marshals and citizens, representing t VOTES.

ARRESTING THE REPEATERS.

A large number of repeaters have a arrested by the deputy marshals and i ing added to the government buildi brought in a patro to the alread